THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR

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THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Port Almanac—June 15.

Sun Rises	4.41 A M
Sun Sets	7.17 P M
Day's Length	14 h 36 m
High Water at Southport	1.32 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3.09 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., June 15.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 76°; 8 p. m., 75°; maximum, 85°; minimum, 67°; mean 76°.

Rainfall for the day, .74; rainfall for the month up to date 2.15 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, increasing cloudiness, southerly winds.

For South Carolina, fair, southerly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Heavy rain yesterday in Texas; at Dallas, 1.80; Tyler, 2.00c; Weatherford, 1.80. The average for the 22 stations was nearly half an inch. Heavy rain was reported also in Arkansas, and lighter rains fell in other parts of the cotton region. In the Wilmington district Newbern reported 1.53 and Wilmington 0.74. There were light showers at most of the other stations.

The maximum temperatures recorded in this district were: At Florence, S. C., 94; Cheraw and Lumberton, 92; Charlotte, Goldsboro, Raleigh and Weldon, 90; Greensboro and Newbern 86, and Wilmington 85.

OUTLINES.

Washington news—Cabinet meeting; extension of Civil Service rules; news of the navy. —— Race riot in South Carolina—troops sent to the scene of trouble; six negro ringleaders arrested. —— Alliance between the Southern Railway and the Atlantic Coast Line. —— Yellow fever at Vera Cruz. —— A report that Senator Ransom is very sick denied. Bradstreet's report of trade. —Moore's forgeries—the amount will not exceed $75,000; he speculated in cotton and lost. —Murder in Tennessee. —— Explosion at Fall River—building wrecked and fire broke out; four persons killed and several injured. —— A postmaster short in his accounts. ——Coney Island —the Seaside Athletic Club to begin ther boxing carnival to-night. —— Mail robbed on the Great Northern road. —— Base ball games played yesterday. —Cotton spots and futures. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent., last loan at 1 per cent., and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton easy; middling gulf 7¼c: middling uplands 7¼c; Southern flour was quiet and steady; common to fair extra $3.65@3.40; good to choice do $3.50@4.25; wheat easier, closing steady; No. 2 red in store and elevator 80c; afloat 80⅝@81c; corn ⅝c lower but steady; No. 2 at elevator 54½c; afloat 55¼@55⅝c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@29¾; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.53½@1.57½.

Ex-Governor Waite, of Colorado, exclaims: "We are in a hideous dream; a nightmare of horror pursues us; we look around and see a shapeless trouble; an indefinable dread seizes us," and the watermelon hasn't put in an appearance there yet, either.

Mr. Depew, who is going to swing 'round the circle, is not, he says, going fishing for delegates. He wisely remarks that almost any one can catch delegates at this season but successfully landing them and holding them until they are wanted isn't so easy.

A Northern contemporary asks the question, "does travel liberalize?" That depends upon the person who travels. If he is one of those fellows who was born narrow between the eyes, or travels with his eyes shut, he might as well stay in his shell, for travel will never make him any bigger or broader.

Commenting on the speech of a man at the Grocers' Convention recently at Memphis, in which he said "President Cleveland should have a salary of $100,000 a year, and be elected for life," the New York *Mercury* says there is a citizen within gun-shot of that office who was about to invest $500,000 in the South, and swore after reading that speech that a cent of his should never cross the Potomac river. This was simply a case of two asses showing their ears. They ought to pool issues and hire out to some freak show.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

A Massachusetts man recently killed himself because he had reached the age of 50 years. It was hard on him to have lived 50 years in Massachusetts, but he might have tramped out of it or gotten out in some other way than by committing suicide.

A St. Louis colored man is starting a scheme to colonize negroes from this country in Brazil. If they are particularly anxious to get out of the United States Brazil is a better country for them than Africa.

Krupp, the gunmaker, pays an income tax of $200,000 a year, but there is a beer brewer in Prussia who pays $300,000. In this case beer makes a louder report than Krupp's guns.

There are some unaccountable things happening in this world. A woman in New Hampshire aged 92 years recently committed suicide, and Bill Chandler persists in living

A Denver preacher declares that there are "10,000 people going to hell on bicycles." But that isn't half as many as are going that way on foot and otherwise.

Mr. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, is the most heavily insured man in this country if not in the world. He carries $2,000,000 on his life.

The Rochester, N. Y., man who whiffed the odor of gas in his house and went into the basement with a lighted match to hunt for it found it.

A widow in Spain who advertises for a husband, seductively announces that she has carefully laid away all of her first husband's clothes.

The new Hawaiian Minister to Washington is also the "son of a missionary."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH—Paid for beeswax.
R. R. BELLAMY & Co.—Druggists.
STR. WILMINGTON—Schedule Sunday

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A Sunday school excursion from Fayetteville is expected here next Tuesday.

— The K. of P. Drum Corps and their friends had a pleasant excursion yesterday to Carolina Beach.

— The Newbern excursionists returned home yesterday afternoon by train on the W., N, & N. railroad.

— There will be baptising at the Central Baptist church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and also Sunday night at 8 o'clock.

— A small fire at No. 614 South Fifth street yesterday at 6.40 a. m. brought out the Fire Department. The fire was extinguished before it had gained headway and the damage was slight.

— Some of the Summer residents on Greenville Sound are having fine sport fishing for alligators. One was caught with hook and line a day or two ago that measured five feet in length.

— The steamer *Wilmington* will make a trip to-morrow down the river and out to sea ten miles, touching at the pier for Carolina Beach, at Southport and Fort Caswell. The boat will leave at 10 o'clock in the morning.

— Rev. Mr. Crane, who has been conducting services at the First Baptist church for two weeks past, will leave today for his home at Plainfield, N. J., much to the regret of many. Dr. Wharton is expected to arrive to-night.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. E. James is sick with appendicitis.

— Mr. T. A. McNeill, of Lumberton, was in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Jno. Woodside, of Southport, is in the city visiting relatives.

— Mr. Wm. E. Conroy, of Baltimore, is here on a short visit to friends.

— Capt. V. V. Richardson and Mr. A. S. Richardson, of Whiteville, are in the city on business.

— Miss Maud Richardson, of Whiteville, and Miss Lossie Potts, of Lake Waccamaw, are here on a visit.

— Mr. Matt. J. Pearsall, a member of the Bar of Moultrie, Ga., formerly of Clinton, N. C, and at one time on the STAR'S staff, is here on a visit.

— Messrs. J. J. Powers, N. C.; Clif Cohen, Clinton; J. L. Autry, Autryville; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; C. L. Bonner, Mt. Airy; J. E. Kelly, Mt. Olive; T. H. Newkirk, Whiteville; H. T. Gregory, Greensboro; A. W. McAllister, Greenville; were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

By the Order of Odd Fellows—To Be Held Sunday Night in Fifth Street Church.

The undersigned Committee on Memorial of the I. O. O. F. of this city, have arranged as follows for its Memorial services for the year 1895, to be held at Fifth Street M. E. Church on the evening of June 16th, 1895, at 8:15 o'clock:

All the lodges of the city will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, opposite City Hall, at 7:30 p. m. sharp, and proceed to the church, wearing badges of mourning, under the supervision of the following marshals.

Chief Marshal—Walker Taylor, of Cape Fear Lodge.

Assistant Marshals—L. Tate Bowden, of Orion Lodge; J. T. King, of Wilmington; W. H. Howell, of Hanover.

The following services will be observed:

Proclamation and list of deaths during current year will be read by Prof. Washington Catlett, P. G., of Wilmington Lodge.

Sermon by Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, P. G., of Oxford, No. 108.

Singing by special choir under the supervision of J. W. Fleet, P. G. Edward Munson, organist; C. H. Cooper, first tenor; Dr. A. H. Harriss, second tenor; C. H. Robinson, Jr., first bass; H. K. Holden, second bass.

Visiting brothers cordially invited.

Respectfully submitted,

J. W. FLEET, of Cape Fear Lodge.
F. B. RICE, of Orion Lodge.
J. M. MCGOWAN, Wilmington Lodge.
B. W. DUNHAM, of Hanover Lodge.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Blackberries scarce and nominal. Huckleberries in lighter receipt and firm. Cherries quiet, better supply. Peaches easier. Watermelon receipts, nine car loads, demand light and prices weak. Prime potatoes firm; good demand. Cabbages in heavy supply and lower. Best beans firm and active. Tomatoes lower. Muskmelons—Florida, per barrel, $3.00 to 4.00. Cherries—North Carolina, 3 to 6c per pound. Blackberries—North Carolina, per quart, 8 to 10c. Gooseberries, prime, per quart, 4 to 5c. Watermelons—Florida, per hundred, $20.00 to 28.00. Huckleberries—North Carolina, per quart, 2 to 10c. Peaches—Georgia, carrier, $1.25 to 2.50; ditto Florida do, $1.25 to 2.00. Plums—Georgia, beach, carrier, $1.00 to 1.50; ditto wild goose ditto, $3.00 to 4.00; ditto per crate, $1.00 to 1.50. Strawberries, Maryland and Delaware, per quart, 2 to 5c. Beets, per barrel crate, 50c to $1.00. Cukes, Charleston, per basket, 75c to $1.25; ditto Savannah, per crate, 70c to $1.00. Cabbages, Norfolk, per barrel crate, 40c to $1.00. Peas, Eastern Shore, per basket, 30 to 50c; ditto Maryland ditto 40 to 50c; ditto Norfolk ditto 30 to 50c. Potatoes, rose, $2.00 to 3.75; ditto Chili red, $2.00 to 3.50; ditto white, $2.75 to 3.25; ditto poor to fair, $1.50 to 2.00; ditto seconds, $1.25 to 1.75; ditto culls, 75c to $1.00. String beans, Charleston, wax, per basket, $1.00 to 1.50; ditto green ditto $1.00 to 1.50; ditto common, 50 to 75c; ditto North Carolina, wax, ditto, 75c to $1.50; ditto green ditto 50c to $1.50; ditto Norfolk, wax, $1.75 to 3.00; ditto green ditto $1.50 to 2.75. Squash, Florida, marrow, per crate, $1.00 to 1.50. Tomatoes, Florida, choice, per carrier, $1.25; ditto common ditto 75c to $1.00.

Sunday School Conference of the M. E. Church.

The Sunday School Conference for Wilmington District resumed its session in Market Street church yesterday morning at 9.30 o'clock.

After song service Rev. Oliver Ryder, of Southport, delivered an address on "The Bible."

The necessity of scholars' home study was discussed by Mr. B. F. King, of Wilmington.

Rev. Mr. Pyler delivered a lecture on "Christ, the Great Teacher." Following this was an election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted in selecting for president W. G. Burkhead, of Whiteville; for vice president, A. J. Johnson, of Taylor's Bridge; for secretary, E. N. Penny, of this city; for treasurer, Mrs. R. H. Beery, of this city.

After a vote of thanks to retiring officers, at 12.30 o'clock p. m. the Conference adjourned *sine die*.

Funeral Services.

The funeral of the late R. E. Heide, Esq., took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock from St. John's Episcopal Church, where the usual services were held, conducted by the Rev. Dr. Carmichael. The pall-bearers were: Honorary—Messrs. E. Peschau, German Imperial Consul; W. H. Sprunt, representing Mr. James Sprunt, British Vice Consul; F. A. Lord, Spanish Vice Consul; W. M. Cumming, Haytien Consul; W. I. Gore, P. Heinsberger. Active—Capt. W. S. Warrock, Capt. W. P. Oldham and Messrs. H. C. West, C. H. Robinson, Jas W. Monroe and Thomas F. Bagley.

City Court.

Fred Hill and Peter Moore, charged with working as scavengers without license, were fined $10 each by the Mayor in the City Court yesterday. Defendants appealed to the Superior Court of New Hanover county.

Mary Smith, colored, was fined $10 for disorderly conduct.

Duck Brown, colored, drunk and down, was fined $10 or twenty days work on the streets.

Canoe Race.

The Carolina Canoe Club will have their first race of the season this afternoon at Wrightsville beach. The boats entered so far are: "Buzz and Boss," "Mardita," "Mic-Mac," "Four Brothers," "Yum Yum," "Clem" and "Surprise." Mr. Charles B. Elliott, the purser, will have charge of the race, and promises that it will be laughable and interesting. A large crowd will undoubtedly take in the race.

Cotton Receipts.

Receipts of cotton in Wilmington for the week ending June 14th, 1895, 15 bales; same week last year, 77. Receipts for the crop year to same date, 3384,973 bales; for same time last year, 189,571 bales. Stock in Wilmington, 10,280 bales; at the same time last year, 3,119 bales.

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY.

Twenty-Second Annual Commencement—Interesting Exercises by the Literary Society—Valedictory—Prizes Presented—Certificates Awarded.

The 22nd annual commencement of Cape Fear Academy, Prof. Washington Catlett principal, took place last night. The academy was crowded with ladies and gentlemen to hear the debate by members of the Literary Society.

The first part of the programme was a debate on the resolution 'That the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors should be prohibited." Affirmative, C. T. Green and T. E. Brown; negative, E. C. McEachern and G. Kirby Collier. Mr. McEachern did remarkably well and the committee which was to decide had difficulty in coming to a decision, but finally awarded the prize to Mr. Collier.

The next was declamations by Messrs. W. P. Platt, "Sparticus to the Gladiators"; J. Owen Reilly, "Duty of a Southerner After the War," by Zebulon B. Vance; E. C. McMillan, "The Ride of Jennie McNeill"; Geo. Honnet, "An Old Man's Story"; Fred. Nash DeRosset, "Sparticus to the Roman Envoy"; Robt. Nash, "Regulus to the Carthaginians"; Thos. R. Orrell, "Emmett's Defence of Ireland." The medal was awarded to Mr. Thomas R. Orrell by the judges.

The judges were Rev. Robert Strange, Rev. A. D. McClure and Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr. Mr. C. F. Green did exceptionally well. The prizes were presented by Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr., who spoke in high term of each declaimer, also complimenting Professor Catlett and Mr. Hancock, his assistant, on the high standing and efficiency of the academy. While the judges were deciding who were entitled to the medals, the president of the society, Mr. W. P. Platt, spoke as follows:

"As the president of the C. F. A. Literary Society, and before we part to-night, I think it becomes me to add a few words of thanks to those who have aided us during the present season.

"I speak of Mr. Catlett and his able and accomplished assistant, Mr. Hancock. Mr. Catlett has given us the use of the school room for our meetings, also the access to his library, which has aided us in no small degree. Many other favors he has bestowed on us, which I will not mention to-night, but for which we are very thankful. But I would refer more particularly to Mr. Hancock. He was the first to propose the organization of the Society, and was present at the date of its organization. He was unanimously elected to the responsible position of censor, which place he has ably and honorably filled. He has given invaluable aid by training us in our declamations during the past months. So great was his interest for the success of the Society that his room was ever open for our admittance and he was ever willing to give us the benefit of his accomplished acquirements. Words cannot express the thanks which the Society feels for him, but its wishes are: May success ever attend him in whatever field of labor he may be called.

"In appreciation of the kindness bestowed on us by Mr. Hancock and Mr. Catlett, I take great pleasure in presenting for the Society to Mr. Hancock this cup; and to Mr. Catlett, this clock.

"These presents are not given as a reward for their labor, but as a remembrancer when they may look back to the time when the scholars of the C. F. A. looked up to them for any advice which they may give."

The valedictory was delivered by Mr W. P. Croom in a most admirable manner.

The boys then presented Prof. Catlett with a handsome clock and Prof. W. S. Hancock with a silver shaving cup.

Prof. Catlett spoke in warm terms of his scholars and the manner in which they had behaved and studied this session, after which certificates were awarded to the following scholars:

First Class—W. B. Platt, F. N. DeRosset, E. C. McEachern, T. R. Orrell, T. E. Brown and W. P. Croom.

Second Class—Robert Nash, Reston Stevenson, J. P. Brewer, Charles McMillan, G. K. Collier, Louis Goodman, Claude Gore, George Honnet, C. F. Green, Walter Silva, Adolph Goodman, G. H. Taylor, J. S. Brown, E. C. Smith.

Third Class—W. M. Bellamy, George Catlett, D. D. Sloan, C. R. Humphreys Harry Alderman, T. C. Lewis, Jr., Archie Bullock, J. H. Wood, Linwood Latta, Norcom Sweeney and Curtis Williams.

Fourth class—C. K. Davis, T. C. Hodges, Jr., C. R. Yopp, C. L. Moers, M. Rathjen, Jr., B. F. Rathjen, Irvin Bear, James McEntee.

Master J. H. Taylor has not been late or received a demerit during the session. Harry Alderman has not been absent during the session. Louis Goodman and W. M. Bellamy have not been late.

The marshals, who acquitted themselves in a manner satisfactory to all, were Messrs. John S. McEachern, chief; Claude Gore, Walter Boesch, George Davis, John Peschau, J. H. Taylor and E. V. Peschau.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—29 casks spirits turpentine, 46 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 40 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—84 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls rosin, 16 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—62 casks spirits turpentine, 197 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—5 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 61 bbls rosin, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—56 casks spirits turpentine, 181 bbls rosin, 61 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Gold Leaf—20 casks spirits turpentine, 12 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 5 bales; spirits turpentine, 318 casks; rosin, 559 bbls; tar, 101 bbls; crude turpentine, 75 bbls.

AFFAIRS IN RALEIGH.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

L. S. Patterson, of Caldwell, Elected Commissioner of Agriculture—T. B. Bruner Re-elected Secretary—The Arrington Tribunal—Major Winder Improving—Bill and Tom's Performance.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 14.

Justice Campbell, of the Arrington tribunal, was interviewed relative to the assembling of the talents. He says the other members will be present Monday next, at which time Lawyer Pernell and himself will have matters in such shape that the "court" can conduct business intelligently. The Justice is very sore over the newspaper criticisms, and seems not to be half himself without that beaver relic from Cherokee.

The meeting of the Board of Agriculture was quite a long one last night. They didn't close the session till about midnight. S. L Patterson, of Caldwell county, was unanimously elected Commissioner of Agriculture for two years with a salary of $1,800. T. B. Bruner was re-elected Secretary with with a salary of $1,500. Messrs. George E. Terrell and P. C. Enniss, clerks, will be retained. It was a full and harmonious meeting of the old Board.

Maj. Jno. C. Winder has so far improved from his recent attack of sickness at his country home at Millbrook as to be able to be ont.

Two sable mothers, under the directions of the Mayor, administered sound thrashings to their respective kids this morning.

The A. & M. students are rapidly leaving for their homes.

Capt. C. B. Denson, president of the Teachers' Assembly, will go down to Morehead City next Tuesday. He delivers the opening address the following day. The captain predicts a brilliant season at Morehead.

Blind Tom played to a very slim audience last night at the Academy of Music. It was a very creditable performance.

The books and stationery of A. Williams & Co. are being sold at auction daily without reserve.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Hubbard Bros' Report—Crop Prospects—The View Spinners Take of the Situation—They are Disposed to Withdraw from the Market.

NEW YORK, June 14.—It was expected that at the end of the Whitsuntide holidays the English spinners would appear in the Liverpool market as buyers of large quantities of cotton to meet their daily consumption, but in this the trade have been disappointed, as their takings have shown a disposition to encroach upon the reserve supplies with which they provided themselves with at lower prices. It is a well known fact in the market that since cotton crossed 6¾ cents on the first advance, that the disposition of spinners at home and abroad has been to withdraw from the market and fall back upon their reserve supplies. Whether they will persist in this course is, of course, a question which will be decided entirely on advices received from the growing crop. At the present time they are led to believe that the decrease in the acreage will be between twelve and fifteen per cent.; that the condition of the crop is materially worse than last year, and points to a yield of between seven and a half and eight million bales. This is undoubtedly the true position of affairs as the crop now appears; but it must be borne in mind that the amount of cotton which has been darried over from last season's crop is between 1,000,000 and 1,200,000 bales in excess of the consumption and therefore if that quantity be added to the estimated yield of 1895-96, the production on a basis of 7,500,000 bales would be sufficient for the requirements of the spinners. It is this view of the situation which spinners take, and which naturally causes them to fall back upon their reserve supplies. Without the assistance of a legitimate demand for consumption, it is difficult for speculation to maintain the price of cotton after such a sharp advance, and therefore we see some tendency toward a reaction; no one however, anticipates any material decline from the present basis of values in the situation of the growing crop. Therefore the market remains without a short interest, and the fluctuations which occur and which have tended to slightly reduce the value of cotton have been entirely due to the disposal of their holdings by those who preferred to await the receipt of further bad crop accounts rather than to hold their cotton during a period when it seems likely to them that they might have to withstand the pressure of the actual cotton, in case the spinners were not attracted to the market by reason of advices from the South.

On the other hand it is to be noted that the large New Orleans operators who have been so successful during the past year in forecasting an advance in the market are united in a body on the long side, and maintain their position with a tenacity which is worthy of success, and which, if crop advices should now become of such a nature as to warrant a reduction in crop estimates to below those now current, would be crowned with success. The situation at the moment is therefore a waiting one on both sides. The spinner is waiting for better crop advices, while the speculator is waiting for poorer crop reports which he believes will certainly be received during the month of July, as that is a period when the cotton crop is entering a development which requires good weather. In short it may be said that there is a slight diminution in the bullish feeling which has been current for the past month, but only of such a character to look for a slight reaction from current prices and from which there will be a further advance later on in the season.

Naval Reserves.

About fifty members of the Wilmington Reserves assembled at their armory last night in response to the order to receive instructions in regard to entertaining Assistant Secretary McAdoo, who is looked for at any time. Arrangements were perfected to have the captain's gig crew on hand all to-day in case the *Dolphin* arrives, to man that boat, and it is the best crew in the Division and the one which won the laurels on the last cruise.

The Reserves who can will assemble this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock to prepare for the reception of the Assistant Secretary. A rattling good speech was made to the Company by the Paymaster of the North Carolina Battalion, Mr. E. S. Latimer, who complimented them highly for being the first in the Union for efficiency and third in numbers. Everything is now in readiness for inspection by the Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

The Churches.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street, above Bladen. Rev. G. D. Bernheim, pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock. Evening service at 8.15 o'clock. Sunday School at 9.30 a.m. Seats free and every person welcome.

Market Street Methodist E. Church (the little Church around the corner), near the corner of Market and Ninth streets, Rev. M. T. Plyler, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a.m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Praise meeting Thursday night at 8.30 o'clock. Young Men's Meeting Tuesday at 8 p m. All are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8 15 p m. Class meeting at 9 p. m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8 15 o'clock. The public cordially invited to all of these services.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services at 11.00 a m and 8 p m. Sunday School at 9.30 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. R. S. Peele, pastor. Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sabbath school at 4 p. m. Weekly prayer and praise meeting every Thursday evening at 8.00; seats free. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers and visitors.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Mulberry and Fourth streets, Rev. W. C. Norman, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11.00 a m and 8 15 p m. Experience meeting at 10.00 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.00 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Bladen street M. E. Church, South, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. J. F. Butt, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 7.00 p m. Class-meeting at 9.30 a m. Sunday School at 3 p m., D. M. Joyner superintendent.

First Presbyterian Church, corner Third and Orange streets, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Sunday services at 11 a m. and 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday School at 5 o'clock p. m.

Immanuel Chapel, Front street, between Queen and Wooster. Under the charge of the First Presbyterian church. Sunday School at 11 a m; preaching every Sunday by Rev. Jos. M. Rawlings, D. D., at 7.30 p m. Christian Endeavour Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p m.

First Baptist Church, corner of Fifth and Market streets, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Pastor. Morning services at 11 o'clock; evening services 8.00 o'clock. Congregational Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8.00 o'clock. Sunday school at 4.30 p m. Strangers and visitors cordially invited to all services.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt pastor. English service at 11 a. m. German service at 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4.30 p m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, Pastor. Sunday services 11 a m and 8.15 p m. Evening Subject, "The Grace of God." Sabbath School at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.15 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

DIED.

JAMES.—At ten minutes past ten o'clock last night, at the residence of his mother, Mrs. W. H. James, JOEL E. JAMES, aged 10 years and 10 months.

Funeral notice to follow.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Wilmington

Will make a trip Sunday at 10 a. m. for Carolina Beach, Southport, Fort Caswell and out to Sea ten miles.

Fare 50 cts. J. W. HARPER.

June 15 1t

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

30 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass.

may 28 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Drugs, Chemicals
AND
Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Proprietary Medicines, Druggist's Sundries, etc., etc.

☞City and Country patronage solicited.

may 7 3m

Notice.

WE, the Intelligence Bureau Agency, respectfully invite the ladies of the city of Wilmington to call on us at our new building, and get the help you are in need of, and stop the plan of hunting for your help, when we furnish them free of charge until you are suited. So send to us—25 cents will give you just what you want.

R. B. REARDON, No. 13 South Second street.

June 14 tf

University of Virginia.

Summer Law Lectures (twelve weekly), 26th year of continuance. Begin 27th June, 1895, end 30th August. Are of equal use—1st, to students who design to study at this or other Law School; 2nd, to those who propose to read privately; and, 3rd, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va., Charlottesville, Va.) to JNO. B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. my 7 2w tu th sa je 1

J. W. Norwood, PRESIDENT. W. J. Toomer, CASHIER.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Liberal Loans made on approved security at lowest rates to non-resident as well as resident customers.

Direct correspondents at every banking town having considerable dealing with Wilmington.

No interest paid on deposits.

Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited.

Promptness, Accuracy and Safety guaranteed.

	May 7, '98.	May 7, '94.	May 7, '95.
Surplus & Net Profits,	$11,400	$28,994	$40,341
Premium on U.S. Bonds'	4,488	1,676	None.
Banking House, &c.,	15,000	15,000	13,600

Dividends paid from May 7th, 1893, to May 7th, 1894,—8 per cent.

Dividends paid from May 8th, 1894, to May 7th, 1895—6 per cent.

☞Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892.

may 26 tf

A New Drink.

Trilby Cocktails
AT
The French Cafe
A. P. LEVY, Proprietor.

June 1 tf

Steamer Wilmington,

ON AND AFTER JUNE 13th leaves for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9 a. m and 6 p. m. Leaves Southport 12.30 and 5.30 p. m. Leaves Carolina Beach 2.30 and 6.30 daily, except Sunday. Leaves Wilmington Sunday 10 a. m. Leaves Southport 5 p. m., Beach 6 p. m. Fare to Beach 50c; round trip 85c on 7 p. m. trip. Twelve round trips $5.50, good on any trip.

June 9 tf J. W. HARPER.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Manufacturing Concern desires to appoint one energetic business man in Wilmington (and every city not already taken). Applicant must furnish few hundred dollars cash capital to pay for goods on delivery after orders have been received for same. No bonus; no money in advance; previous experience unnecessary. We are manufacturing a specialty, almost a monopoly, not a luxury, something which will reduce expenses; needed by every firm, factory, mill, hotel, store etc., throughout the land. From $200 to $400 monthly can be made; References required. P. E. Vail, Morse Building, New York. June 11 3t

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c11

Butter for 15c. per pound. Best in the city for the price. Groceries of all kinds at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c11

25.00 to $30.00 Per week using and selling Old Reliable Plater. Every Family has rusty, worn knives, forks, spoons, &c. Quickly plated by dipping in melted metal. No experience or hard work; a good situation. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. June 49t

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c11

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. S. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$91.25.

A Yearly Annuity

Paid to any person using the

New Improved No. 9

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine

HOW?

By the amount it will save you in your yearly Sewing expenditures.

If you save 25c per day, it will save you $91.25 per year.

Terms easy—$5 first payment, and $3 each subsequent month.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.

may 13 tf

Going, Going, Gone.

Some things we are going to do and others that we ain't goin' to do.

WE ARE GOING

To try to sell to every man, woman and child in Wilmington.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To dispense or sell stale or cheap stuff, because we can't; we don't carry such in stock.

WE ARE GOIN'

To do as we have done heretofore, dispense and sell only the best goods. If you want CHEAP Medicine don't come to us please, we don't want your trade.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To charge you high prices because we have you by the neck (so to speak). We try not to abuse a confidence placed in us, and consequently charge only reasonable prices.

WE ARE GOIN'

To shut down on those who do not pay up promptly.

WE AIN'T GOIN'

To run the drug business for the benefit of deadbeats and make good customers pay for it.

WE ARE GOIN'

To do a larger business (with your help) this year than ever before.

It is a GONE conclusion that

Bunting's Pharmacy

Is the place to purchase your drugs, &c. my 26 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

Gilt Edge Butter.

LARD, HAMS, SIDES,
FLOUR, RICE, GRITS,
WATER GROUND MEAL,
CAKES, CANDIES,
SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.

A small lot COW PEAS just in.

HALL & PHARSALI,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.

my 25 DAW tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$40,000 STOCK
— OF —
Dry Goods
— AT —
50 Cents on the Dollar.

We will offer the bankrupt stock of Davis & Zoeller, and stock from the peremtory auction sale of Hodges Bros., of Baltimore, at 50 cents on the dollar.

KATZ & POLVOGT,
116 Market Street.

The stock to be sold embraces in

Dress Goods and Silks.

Large lines Silk and Wool Henriettas.
All Wool Henriettas.
Batiste, Albatross, Glorias, Serges.
Plain Black Goods. Colored Henriettas.
Fancy Black Goods. Colored Serges and Fancy Weavers.
Ginghams, Satteens, Dress Flannel.
Shawls and Skirts.
Silks, Velvets, Velveteens, Linings, &c.

Hosiery Department.

Full lines of Foreign and Domestic Hosiery (principally Foreign; large portion fresh and in bulk in the Custom House), including
Ladies' and Children's and Men's and Boys' Hosiery.
Full lines of Summer Shirts and Drawers.
Summer Fabric Gloves.
Kid Gloves and Hosiery.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1895

THE BURDEN OF TAXATION.

When the income tax was under discussion and passed by Congress there was a great hue and cry raised against it as an odious and inquisitorial tax, which discriminated against one class of citizens because they were fortunate enough to have income sufficient to subject them to its operations. It was represented to be a measure born more out of enmity to the rich than from any desire to bring revenue to the Government. It was, they said, a Populistic, socialistic, anarchistic tax, totally out of place in a country like this, where there should be no class legislation or class discrimination. They were determined to defeat that tax, and they never rested until they did it. They had money enough to pay princely sums to some of the ablest lawyers in the country, and they succeeded in defeating it, and there was great rejoicing among the millionaires and the sons of millionaires that they had escaped paying a small percentage of their easily got incomes for the support of the Government.

As that law is dead it isn't worth while to discuss it, but the objection that it was class legislation doesn't hold, whatever there may have been in some of the other objections to it. If there is any one class of our people who have a right to protest against unjust discrimination and the unfairness of the laws under which they are taxed it is what are called poor people, that is people of small incomes, those who have to toil with hand or head for what they earn. When you come to examine it the whole machinery of taxation, Federal, State and municipal seems to have been devised to throw the burden of taxation upon them and keep it off of wealth. Take up the tariff laws of this country for the past thirty odd years, run through the list of dutiable articles, note the relative taxation imposed upon the articles used by the masses and the wealthy, how heavy the former was in proportion to value and how light the latter was, and then say that the poor man was not discriminated against by the tariff builders.

When called to account for this, they had, of course, to give some reason for it, and they gave a reason, but a false and a hypocritical one, that is that the light tax was imposed on certain articles because these were not made to any great extent, if at all, in this country, and as there were no manufactures of that kind in this country to be protected, there was no occasion for a protective tax. That was the kind of a boldface lie they invented to excuse putting a light duty on the silks, satins, fine linen and fine woollens, &c., of the rich, while the common goods of the poor had to pay a tax equivalent to the cost price of the goods. So much for the tariff, for the restoration of which some of its favored beneficiaries are still howling.

Again: Take up the tax machinery of any of our States or municipalities and note the ingeniousness with which it rakes in every earner of a dime from the cripple who makes a scanty support vending roasted peanuts on the street corner to the man who sells goods in a five-story house, and pays a big rental for the use of the house. There are very few if any who escape the dragnet of the law, save the men who have their dollars soaked away in unreachable bonds or stocks or securities, and the men who own the big houses which are rented.

As a result of this while the bread earners are required to pay taxes for the privilege of earning bread and living the men of millions who have their money so invested pay comparatively no tax, and those hundreds of millions escape taxation.

One instance of the many which might be cited will suffice to illustrate how this unjust discrimination operates: Some time ago Governor Atgeld, of Illinois, pardoned from the penitentiary a young man who had been convicted of embezzling a considerable sum of money from the Chicago *Tribune*, whose cashier he had been for a number of years. The *Tribune* scored him for pardoning the young man, and he gave his reasons for doing it. Among these reasons he said he had considered the circumstances in the case and found that the young man had, with this exception, led an upright life, and would probably have continued to do so if it hadn't been for the demoralizing example set him by the owners of the *Tribune*, with whose methods of doing business he was, on account of the position he occupied, familiar. The *Tribune* plant was valued at $2,000,000, but upon the oaths of the owners it was listed for taxation at $60,000. And thus in cheating the State out of the taxes justly due to it, a fact of which that young man was cognizant for years, they were teaching him to cheat them, and he simply learned the lesson they taught him. This didn't excuse him, but it palliated his offence and threw some of the responsibility where it belonged.

The *Tribune* case is but one of thousands which might be picked out in nearly all our large cities. The poor can't dodge their taxes, but the rich do, and frequently evade paying them altogether. There is room for a big reform in that.

MINOR MENTION.

Russia has been playing a pretty cunning game in the East and has used Germany and France to help her play it. The dispatches published yesterday announced that she had concluded a treaty with Japan by which she secured important territorial acquisitions on the coast of China, and that in consideration of negotiating the loan in France for China had secured important concessions from the Chinese Government, so that while she was simply pretending to be protecting the interests of all European nations which were threatened by aggressive and victorious Japan she was dickering with both Japan and China for her own gain. This is an announcement in which other European nations, especially Great Britain, will be very much interested, for with this pooling of issues by Russia and Japan it will not be long before they have things so fixed up that they will be absolute masters of the situation in that part of the world. China and Chinese territory will be used simply as a convenience to carry out their programme, for with Russia on one side and Japan on the other, she would simply have to submit to their demands whatever they might be. The curtain hasn't fallen on the drama over there yet.

* * *

The bimetallic convention which met at Memphis Wednesday steered clear of questions which it was anticipated might create discord and confined itself strictly to the business for which it was called. The resolutions are drawn with discretion and declare that silver and gold should be, as they had been in all ages previous to the demonetization of silver, the money of the world and that there should be no governmental discrimination against either. It is in sum and substance simply a bimetallic platform, on which every bimetallist can stand. It will not do for the gold standard men to characterize the men who were present in that convention as cranks, for among them were some of the biggest and brainiest men in this country, nor will it do to call into question the Democracy of the Democrats who took part in it, for some of them were among the ablest, most unswerving and most brilliant defenders of Democracy and Democratic principles that this country can produce, and they are not demagogues either, seeking to run with the popular current, for they have been zealous champions of bimetallism from the beginning of this agitation. Men like these must be met and answered with something better and more respectable than attempts at ridicule or misrepresentation.

* * *

A Prohibition State Convention was held at Springfield, Ohio, last Thursday, over which the "Rev." Miss Henrietta G. Moore presided. It didn't confine its deliberations and utterances to prohibition pure and simple, but took a whack at things generally. On taking the chair Miss Moore was greeted with tumultuous applause, to which she responded with a speech in which she larrupped the American people as a nation of "me toos." She filed the following bill of particulars, in which there is a good deal more truth than poetry:

"England is getting the best of our possessions and the better of our people.

"She dictates terms to us on every hand. She makes our fashions and our customs. She dictates our financial policy and controls our markets.

"England established the system of liquor traffic license and revenue, and the United States said, 'Me, too.' England demonetized silver, and in 1873 John Sherman, spokesman for the American Government, piped out, 'Me, too.'

"Lombard street declares for a single gold standard the world over, and Wall street answers, 'Me, too.'

"England says, 'An aristocratic and despotic form of Government, a few moneyed Lords in Parliament to make terms of life to the moneyless tenants on the farms and in the mines, and factories, and the United States responds, 'Me, to.'

After citing at some length statistics on the financial question, she continued:

"All the currency of the United States, one-third of which is gold, one-third silver and one-third paper, only amounts to $1,600,000,000. It would take all of that to pay New York's indebtedness, and Wall street has the gold and the Government. When Wall street captured the Government it ordered $1,400,000,000 of the money to be burned and commanded that silver be demonetized to create a money famine and make a demand for the gold it holds in the vaults."

That $80,000 worth of gold bullion which was stolen from the U. S. mint at Carson, Nev., some time ago, has been recovered. It was found hidden in a shed where it had been secreted by the thieves. A woman who knew of the theft got mad at one of the gang and peached on them.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Mr. Judson Harmon, who was yesterday sworn into office as Attorney General of United States, is said to be the tallest and most athletic member of the Cabinet. What is more to the point is the fact that he is a big man intellectually as well as physically, according to high Republican authority. When Cincinnati Republicans freely concede his legal eminence there can be no question that the President has made one more happy choice in selecting Mr. Harmon as one of his official family.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— All the car manufacturing companies in this part of the country will be kept busy for months on orders already received. Fully 10,000 freight cars are being built in St. Louis and vicinity—Madison, St. Charles and Mount Vernon. Fruit, beer, furniture, coal, stock, tank, dump, platform and ordinary box cars are included in the list. The orders are from various manufacturing and railway companies, one of the latter being the Mexican Central, which is having 330 cars built at Mount Vernon, Ill. This activity is all the more noteworthy when compared with the inactivity during the period of Debs and Coxey rule last summer.—*St. Louis Republic, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Mrs. Calvin Crowder died at her home, in Peachland, last Tuesday, after a long illness.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mrs. Nancy M. Yandle, widow of Sherod Yandle, died at her home near Stout on the 19th ult., aged 72 years.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mrs. L. Reid died at her home in Sandy Ridge township on the 9th inst. She was about seventy years old and had lived a consistent Christian life.

— Salisbury *Herald*: Mr. John R. Idle, of the Southern Railroad shops here, received word last night from Washington that a patent had been allowed him on his contrivance to prevent the air brake stopping the front part of a train when the rear end breaks loose.

— Red Springs *Citizen*: We are very sorry to learn that the barn and stables of Mr. Archibald McNeill, one of the best farmers of Richmond county, were recently destroyed by fire. —— On Sunday night Mr. W. M. Currie, also of Richmond county, had the misfortune to lose his barn, stables, &c., by fire, and about $700 worth of provisions.

— Newbern *Journal*: Acting under instructions from headquarters given upon information furnished by special agents Dunlap and Causey. Mr. W. T. Cabe, United States Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue has just made a seizure of sixteen barrels of whiskey from D. W. Patterson, which was all he had. Mr. Patterson has been running a distillery at Vanceboro, but shut down the 30th of May. A portion of the liquor was there; it was seized first. The remainder was in Newbern. It was seized yesterday morning.

— Asheville *Citizen*: An accident that cast gloom over Weaverville's population occurred Monday in the vicinity of Black Mountain. A mountain party composed of Mr. and Mrs. John Cairns, Jr., Miss Agnes Cairns, Miss Sallie Coleman and Zeb. Weaver, Esq., left Weaverville Monday morning on a fishing excursion to Black Mountain. Soon after the party had reached their objective point Mr. Cairns left his friends and taking his gun started off alone on a hunt. He did not return for some time and the other members of the party, becoming alarmed by his long absence, set out to look for him. It was not long before they came upon Mr. Cairns' body in the woods. He was dead. In some accidental manner the gun which he carried was discharged, and the load of buckshot striking the right side of his face tore away much of the flesh on that side.

TWINKLINGS.

— "He is a young man with high ideals."

"Yes. The last one cost him $10,000, exclusive of alimony."—*Detroit Tribune.*

— "Fame," said Uncle Eben, "am er good deal lak any uddah kin' ob advertisin'. 'Tain' no use ter a man onless he hab de right kin' ob goods ter back it up wid."—*Wash. Star.*

— Sunday School Teacher (seeking to impress the necessity of faith): And what was the one thing Jonah needed to make him safe?

Bright Scholar: The earth.—*Harlem Life.*

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Ossawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes *"I was troubled with heart disease* for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. *They said there was no help for me,* that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,* which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and *it completely cured me. I sleep* well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies fair one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop *Headache* in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."
For sale by all Druggists.
June 15 1y su tu th change

ALL PAIN GOES WHEN PAIN-KILLER COMES

For Colic, Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, there is no cure equal to **Pain-Killer.** Get a bottle to-day. Keep it constantly on hand, for there is no kind of pain or ache—internal or external—that

Pain Killer

will not relieve. Genuine bottle bears name of PERRY DAVIS & SON. Look out for imitations and substitutes. Double the former quantity for 25 cents.

June 8 5tr su we fr

NAPOLEON'S INSUBORDINATION.

He Contemptuously Swept Aside the Plans of the Directory.

When the news of the successes in Piedmont reached Paris, public festivals were decreed and celebrated, but the democratic spirit of the directors could brook neither the contemptuous disregard of their plan which Bonaparte had shown nor his arrogant assumption of diplomatic plenipotence. Knowing how thoroughly their doctrine had permeated Piedmont, they had intended to make it a republic. It was exasperating therefore that through Bonaparte's meddling they found themselves still compelled to negotiate peace with a monarchy. The treaty with the king of Sardinia was finally signed by them on May 15, but they had previously determined to clip the wings of their dangerous falcon by assigning Kellermann to share with Bonaparte the command of the conquering army, and by confirming Salicetti as their diplomatic plenipotentiary to accompany it.

This news reached their general at Lodi on the eve of his triumphal entry into Milan. "As things now are," he promptly replied to the directory, "you must have a general who possesses your entire confidence. If I must refer every step to government commissioners, if they have the right to change my movements, to withdraw or send troops, expect nothing good hereafter." To Carnot he wrote at the same time: "I'd believe one bad general to be worth two good ones. War is like government, a matter of fact. I do not wish to be hampered. I have begun with some glory. I with to continue worthy of you." Aware probably that his own republican virtue could not long withstand the temptations opening before him, he began the latter missive, as if to excuse himself and anticipate possible accusations: "I swear I have nothing in view but the country. You will always find me on the straight road. I owe to the republic the sacrifice of all my own notions. If people seek to set me wrong in your esteem, my answer is in my heart and in my conscience." It is of course needless to add that the directory yielded, not only as to the unity of command, but also in the fatal and vital matter of intrusting all diplomatic negotiations to his hands.

In taking this last step the executive virtually surrendered its identity. Such, however, was the exultation of the Parisian populace and of the soldiery that the degradation or even the forced resignation of the conquering dictator would have at once assured the fall of the directors. They could not even protest when, soon after, there came from Bonaparte a dispatch announcing that the articles of "the glorious peace which you have concluded with the king of Sardinia" had reached "us," and significantly adding in a later paragraph that the troops were content, having received half their pay in coin.

Voices in Paris declared that for such language the writer should be shot. Perhaps those who put the worst interpretation on the apparently harmless words were correct in their instinct. In reality the directory had been wholly dependent on the army since the previous October, and while such an offensive insinuation of the fact would be, if intentional, most unpalatable, yet those who had profited by the fact dared not resent a remote reference to it.—Professor Sloane's "Life of Napoleon" in Century.

FOUND ON THE TRACK.

He Tells About It.

It is one thing to be found on the track and another to be on the right track. So believes W. W. Evans, editor Waynesboro, Pa., *Independent*, who for twenty years suffered incessantly from distressing nervous headache, and last year was compelled to quit work because of it. He found himself on the right track when he had taken half a bottle of Dr. Miles's Restorative Nervine, and the headache had disappeared, and has not returned. Nervine cures hysteria, hot flashes, nervous dyspepsia, confusion, blues. Get book free at druggists or of Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Johnson's Magnetic Oil, horse brand, is a wonderful liniment for rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains and bruises for man or beast. $1.00 size 50 cts.; 50 cts size 25 cts. J. H. BUNTING. J. H. HARDIN. †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

THE MONKEY AND THE MONEY.

Jocko Squandered His Purloined Wealth In His Own Peculiar Way.

"I was mate on board the bark Annie, trading between New York and Pernambuco," said the old sailor. "It was in 1886 or 1887, I disremember which. All hands were in first rate spirits, for we had just made a profitable voyage, and the crew was to get a share in the profits. But off the coast of the Brazils—we had got almost into port—something occurred that seemed likely to reduce the gains of the trip.

"The captain had a pet monkey of which he was very fond. He had bought it at Bahia, and the animal certainly did possess remarkable intelligence. It had the freedom of the ship, and I chanced to be the victim of two or three of its pranks, which caused me quite a good deal of bother, but only made the captain laugh. One day, however, the captain went to his cabin to get a glass of grog, and—so he told me afterward—he was just lifting his glass to his lips when what should he see but Jocko skipping out through the door with something in his hand. It didn't take him a second to discover that the monkey was walking away with a bag of 500 doubloons. The skipper was always an absentminded man, and he had left the key in the lock of the strong box in which he kept his gold.

"He jumped for Jocko, but the monkey was too quick for him and skipped up the companion ladder and was on deck long before the captain could get there. The beast, with mischief in his eye, lost no time in climbing up the mainmast and presently was perched comfortably on the main truck. To follow him was hopeless, and the captain just stood and looked at him, waiting to see what would happen. Now, all of this time I was down below, but I got that part of the story from the second mate, who witnessed the performance.

"There was Jocko sitting way up aloft, with the bag of doubloons in his fist, while the skipper walked up and down and swore like a pirate. He ordered one of the men aloft, but countermanded it right away, thinking that it would be more prudent to coax the beast. He called him pet names and promised him all sorts of things he was fond of if he would only come down. But Jocko paid no attention. He had got the fastening of the bag undone by this time, and out of it he took one of the goldpieces. After looking at it for a moment he shied it overboard. The captain groaned. There was $17 gone.

"Well, Jocko didn't seem to be in any hurry. He took another goldpiece out of the bag, and after examining it critically as if to discover the date on it he threw it into the sea. The captain was frantic. The monkey took another and another of the doubloons and threw them overboard. It was evident that when he had emptied the sack he might come down, but not before.

"It was just at this moment that I came on deck. It took me a few seconds to realize what was going on. My first impression was that the captain was on the point of having a fit. He pointed to Jocko, and I saw the beast throw something that had a yellow gleam as it fell into the sea. Suddenly realizing the situation, I said, 'I'll fix that for you, captain.' Then picking up a marlinspike I aimed carefully and shot it aloft at Jocko.

"I did not care whether I hit him or not. My best hope was to frighten him. This I accomplished, for the marlinspike flew close by him and caused him to dodge. As he did so he dropped the bag of doubloons, which fell upon the deck, bursting open, so that the goldpieces rolled in all directions. The captain and the rest of us ran to pick them up, and I believe that only about a dozen were missing. The captain locked Jocko up, and when we got to Pernambuco sold him, I believe."—Washington Star.

A Treasured Nickel.

An ordinary 5 cent piece is carefully treasured by Artist Frank Duckett of Philadelphia as a memento of General Grant. Mr. Duckett came into possession of this memento in this way: One day several years ago Mr. Duckett boarded a street car directly after a stout man whose full brown beard and black slouch hat struck Mr. Duckett as familiar. A moment later he recognized his fellow passenger as General Grant, whom he had frequently seen during a sojourn at Washington several months previous. Mr. Duckett took a seat directly opposite the distinguished gentleman. The conductor came in to collect the fares. Mr. Duckett handed the conductor a dime, and at the same moment General Grant gave the same official a nickel. The conductor turned the general's nickel over to Mr. Duckett and rang up the fares. Mr. Duckett carefully stowed his "change" away in a separate pocket and has cherished the coin ever since because of its having been last used by the great soldier president. —Philadelphia Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Delicious

Food, crisp pastry, delicate cake, good digestion, all come with the use of **Cottolene,** and it saves money as well. Its wonderful success has brought numerous imitations. Genuine has trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every pail. Take no other.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Jealous of a Stage Lover.

Too much zeal in the discharge of his stage duties led a jeune premier at a Paris preparatory theater into a disagreeable, not to say painful, adventure. The young actor was acting with a lady of his own age in a new piece and had to make a declaration of love. He held the mirror up to nature so well in the matter that the young lady's intended husband, who was looking on from the stalls, flew into a towering passion and thirsted for blood. When the performance was over, the man possessed by the green eyed monster waited at the stage door for the jeune premier and whacked vigorously at the actor's face with his cane. The player—bruised, bleeding and tearful—did not make any effort to return blow for blow, but holding up a manuscript which contained his part in the play remarked to his aggressor that he had done no more than follow the instructions of the author of the little love comedy in which he had acted with the beautiful young lady. The affair ended there.—London Telegraph.

Philadelphia Revenge.

There is a Philadelphia shopkeeper who believes that he does a public service by keeping a stock of cheap valentines all the year round. "The demand out of season," he says, "for this class of valentines is from those who have quarreled with their neighbors. They know I have the valentines, and instead of using clubs or knives on one another they come here and get something that answers the purpose just as well."—New York Tribune.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute	@	6
Standard	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams, ℔ lb	@	14
Sides, ℔ lb	@	10
Shoulders, ℔ lb	@	9½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides, ℔ lb	@	7¾
Shoulders, ℔ lb	@	6½
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 15
New New York, each	@	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX, ℔ lb	@	26
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	@	7 00
Northern	@	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ lb	@	18
Northern	@	20
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	62½
Virginia Meal	@	65
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle	@	70
CANDLES— ℔ lb—		
Sperm	@	25
Adamantine	@	10
CHEESE— ℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	@	11
Dairy, Cream	@	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ℔ lb—		
Laguyra	@	18
Rio	@	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	@	20
EGGS— ℔ dozen	@	10
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	@	20 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	@	10
" Extra	@	3 50
Second Patent	@	4 00
City Mills Super	@	3 90
" Family	@	4 25
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 75
Choice	@	4 15
Straight	@	4 75
First Patent	@	5 25
GLUE— ℔ lb	@	10
GRAINE— ℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	65
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	@	1 00
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	@	2½
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	@	9
North Carolina	@	9
LIME, ℔ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	26
" in bbls	@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	27½
" in bbls	@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	@	45
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	1 40
ORE, ℔ ton:		
City Mills	@	15 00
Ramp	@	15 00
Prime	@	15 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	@	8½
SALT, ℔ sack—		
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
Asiatics	@	65
" 15-lb sacks	@	70
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	@	2 00
Common	@	2 50
Cypress	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	@	5½
Standard A	@	5¼
White Extra C	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4¼
C, Yellow	@	3¾
O A D, ℔ lb—Northern	@	
TAPES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	@	6 00
Common Mill	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	@	3½
WHISKEY, in gallon—Northern	@	2
North Carolina	@	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	@	18
Clear of burr	@	15½
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, June 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 26½ cents per gallon for country and 27 cents for standard casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Quiet.

Ordinary	4½	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅝	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6⅝	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	5 bales
Spirits Turpentine	213 casks
Rosin	559 bbls
Tar	101 bbls
Crude Turpentine	75 bbls

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended June 14, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
15	1,388	3,514	865	369

RECEIPTS.

For week ended June 15, 1894.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
77	1,538	3,685	398	261

EXPORTS.

For week ended June 14, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
Domestic	900	549	116	682	394
Foreign	000	000	000	000	000
	900	549	116	682	394

For week ended June 15, 1894.

EXPORTS.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,809	620	1,135	1954	354
Foreign	000	1,358	6,066	1,100	000
	1,809	1,978	7,201	2,054	354

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, June 14, 1895.

	Ashore.	Afloat	Total.
Cotton	7,785	2,495	10,280
Spirits	2,330	219	2,549
Rosin	13,160	3,177	16,337
Tar	2,325	120	2,445
Crude	697	75	772

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, June 15, 1894.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
3,112	2,122	28,901	1,500	592

QUOTATIONS.

June 14, 1895.	June 15, 1894
Cotton	6⅝	
Spirits	26½@27	27
Rosin	$1 15@1 20	90@95
Tar	1 25	$1 15
Crude	$1 00, $1 80@2 25	$1 00, $1 70@2 15

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 14—Evening—Money on call was easy 1 per cent., last loan at 1 per cent and closing offere at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488½ for sixty days and 489@489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 487¼@488. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113; United States twos 97. State bonds steady; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was firm.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 14—Evening—Cotton easy; middling gulf 7¼c; middling uplands 7¼c.

Futures closed quiet, with sales of 131,600 bales; June 6.96c; July 7.99c; August 7.02; September 7.06c; October 7.09c; November 7.12c; December 7.15c; January 7.20; February 7.25c; March 7.30.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 169 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent — bales; forwarded 164 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 733 bales; stock (actual) 219,254 bales.

Weekly net receipts — bales; gross receipts 11,721 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,440 bales; exports to France 480 bales; exports to the Continent 3,129 bales; forwarded 2,298 bales; sales 3,348 bales; sales to spinners 1,657 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,658 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,050 bales; exports to France 3 bales; exports to the Continent 1,436 bales; stock 261,370 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 14,908 bales; exports to Great Britain 30,879 bales; to France 3,544 bales; to the Continent 13,942 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,863,878 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,345,845 bales; exports to France 770,706 bales; exports to the Continent 3,373,917 bales.

Flour quiet and barely steady at prices. winter wheat, low grades $3 70@3 50; fair to fancy grades $3 75@4 25; patents $4 25@4 75; Minnesota clear $3 20@3 60; do. patents $4 15@5 10; low extras $3 70@3 50; city mills $4 40. Southern flour was quiet and steady; common to fair extra $3 65@3 40; good to choice do. $3 50@4 25. Wheat easier, closing steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 80c; afloat 80¾@81c; options were less active, irregular and lower, declining 1¼@1¾c, rallying ½@¾c and closing steady at 1¼@1⅜c below yesterday; No. 2 red June 80c; July 80¾, August 80¾c; September 81¼c; December 88. Corn fairly activer for export, ½c lower and steady; No. 2 at elevator 54½; afloat 55¼@55¾c; options were dull and weak at ½@¾c decline; July 55c; September 56. Oats dull and weaker; options moderately active and weaker; June 32c; July 33¼c; September 33¼c; spot—No. 2, 33¼@33½c; No. 2 white 35¼c; mixed Western 33c@34c. Hay was steady; shipping 55@60c; good to choice 75@80. Wool firm and quiet; domestic fleece 15@19; pulled 13@30. Beef steady and dull; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8

...anged as follows
...west and closing.
...76, 78¼, 76¾, 77;
...78¾, 77¾, 77¼c;
...79¾, 78¼, 78¾,
...80¾@80¾, 49¼,
...81¼, 80¼, 80¼c.
...80¾, 80¾; July
...September 29¾@
...29¼c. Pork—
...12 (9¼, 12 37½,
...0. 12 72½, 13 67½,
...July 66 66, 6 60,
...er 66 76, 6 77½,
...s, per 100 lbs. July
...6 30; September
...50.

...14.—Flour fairly
...d easy; No. 2 red,
...77¾c; July 78¾@
...79¼c; September
...No. 2 red 74¾@
...y sample 78@80c;
...Corn weak; mixed
...54@54¼c; July
...n white corn 52@
...Oats quiet and
...Western 37½@38c;
...¼c asked.

...ARKETS.
...Morning Star
...P. quiet at 6 18-16c
...Norfolk, quiet at
...bales; Baltimore,
...t receipts 47 bales,
...—net receipts 492
...net at 6¾c—net re-
...adelphia, quiet at
...41 bales; Savannah,
...eceipts 318 bales;
...ay at 6 15-16c—net
...ile, nothing doing,
... bales; Memphis,
...t receipts 30 bales;
...t receipts 22 bales;
...ominal at 6¾c—

...ARKETS.
...Morning Star
...14.—12.30—Cotton
...American mid-
...000 bales, of which
...rican, speculation
...s. Receipts 4,000
...0 were American
...and demand mod-
...idling (l m c) June
...y and August 3 49-
... and September
...eptember and Oc-
...er and November
... and December 3
... 3 50-64@3 51-64d;
...ary 3 53-64@3 51-
...arch 3 54-64d. Fu-
... at the decline.
...n for delivery to-
...d 300 old dockets
...nerican middling 3
... the day were 8,000
...0 bales American.
...d seller; June and
...d seller; July and
...yer; August and
... 50 64d seller; Sep-
...3 49-64@3 50-64d
...ovember 3 50-64d
...d December 3 50-
... December and
...3 64d value; Janu-
...3 53-64@3 53-64d
... March 3 53-64@3
... and April 3 55-

...VED.
...Robeson, Fayette-
...McKee, George-
...es.
...RED.
...Robeson, Fayette-

...REC TORY.
...the Port of W...
...June 15, 1895.
...SHIPS.
...tons, Fisher, Alex
...UES.
...tons, Publow E
...s, Arndt, E Peschau
...GS.
...ns, Wingfield, Geo
...NERS.
...ns, Monsen, Heide
...ons, Moore, Geo
...tons, Stout, Jas T
...ns, Andressen, Geo
...tons, Medore, J F
...3 tons, Boove, Geo
...Robinson, Geo Har-
...ons, Grover, Geo

-MIDY
...apsules are superior
...of Copaiba,
...Injections.
...3 hours the
...without any incon-
...D BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

...eamship Co.
...lmington, N. C.
...S. C., Lines.

...Wilmington.
...Saturday, June 15
...Saturday, June 22
...New York.
...Saturday, June 15
...Saturday, June 22
...Georgetown, S. C.
...Tuesday, June 11
...Tuesday, June 18
...ge and Lowest Through
...points in North and

...ALLBONES, Sept.
...Wilmington, N. C.
...Bowling Green, N. Y.
...General Agents, Bowling
...Je 9 tf

...Railroad.
...1 June 1, 1895,
...ext Station at 6.30 a. m.
...m.
...at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m.,
...
...ues Street Station at 10 a.
...Ocean View at 12 p. m. and
...June 1 tf

...Diamond Brand
...AL PILLS
...Only Genuine.
...Ladies! Ask Druggist for
...Diamond Brand Pills,
...Golden Wedding Pills,
...Gold Medal Pills.
...Take
...Refuse
...dangerous substitutes, and send 4c.
...for particulars, testimonials, and
...Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return
...Mail. Name this paper. Sold by Druggists
...Chemical Co., Madison Square,
...Philada., Pa.
...ch 28 tu

...liday.
...Barbers of the city,
...Friday afternoon at 2
...take notice, and ob-
...ly.
...ERT'S SONS,
...perts in Barbering,
...11 South Front St.

Children Cry

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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains ♥ Morphine or other narcotic property.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.

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Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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ATKINSON & SON,

AGENTS

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CHARLES ROOT, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary

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Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Benions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when those come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

A SONG OF FATE.

I've wandered east, I've wand...
In gypsy wise a random ro...
Of men and maids I've known the best,
Like the far traveled king in Homer.

But, oh, for the land that bore me!
Oh, for the stout old land
Of breezy Ben and winding glen
And roaring flood and sounding strand.

I've stood where stands in pillared pride
The shrine of Jove's spear shaking daughter,
And humbled Persia stained the tide
Of free Greek seas with heaps of slaughter.

I've stood upon the rocky crest
Where Jove's proud eagle spreads his pinion,
Where looked the god far east, far west,
And all he saw was Rome's dominion.

I've seen the domes of Moscow far,
In green and golden glory gleaming,
And stood where sleeps the mighty czar,
By Neva's flood so grandly streaming.

I've stood on many a famous spot
Where blood of heroes flowed like rivers,
Where Deutschland rose at Gravelotte,
And dashed the strength of Gaul to shivers.

I've fed my eyes by land and sea,
With sights of grandeur streaming o'er me
But still my heart remains with thee,
Dear Scottish land, that stoutly bore me.

Oh, for the land that bore me!
Oh, for the stout old land,
With mighty Ben and winding glen,
Stout Scottish land, my own dear land!
—John Stuart Blackie.

A DUOLOGUE.

This is not a "problem story."

Neither does it discuss the advantages or disadvantages of having "new women" in our midst.

It is a true tale.

And it concerns a good man and a bad woman.

They would never have met if the London county council had come into existence a few years earlier than it did, because he saw her at the Empire. The exact date was Aug. 25, and it was a very hot night.

The curtain had fallen on the last scene of the ballet. The man rose from his seat and walked across the promenade toward the bar.

He passed several women, but he did not pass her. He had no intention of stopping, still less of speaking.

Yet, when he saw her, he stopped, and when she stopped he spoke.

I do not remember what he said.

They sat down together at a little table. A waiter brought them a cup of black coffee and a whisky and soda. He drank the coffee.

They talked, but again I cannot remember what they said.

A man on the stage sang a comic song. A woman on the promenade fainted and was carried away.

Then she said, "Well, are you coming?"

"No," he replied. "I don't know why I stopped or why I spoke to you. I am not 'one of the crowd' here. I am not a performer in the 'Comedy of Life.' I am only an onlooker."

She stared at him. "Then why"—

"I have told you I do not know. Perhaps I thought you looked out of place—here."

"I have been here every evening for 12 months. I ought not to look 'out of place.'"

"Why did you come?"

"Do you expect me to answer that question in this building, surrounded by these people?"

"I am sorry. Of course not. It would resemble a performance by 'The Independent Theater society,' I suppose?"

"I had better go, then, if you do not"—

"No; stay and talk. Are you happy?"

"Hardly."

"Are you miserable?"

"I am not sure."

"Did you ever love anything?"

"Yes."

"What?"

"Life—the trees and fields; the wild moorlands; the sea; the birds that sing in the hedgerows; the cattle in the fields; the horses and dogs at the farms. Yes, I loved life. I loved to feel the wind blowing in my face; I loved to smell the scent of the heather; I loved to hear the song of the mountain streams. Ha, ha! I'm almost poetic! I'm"—

"Go on."

"That is all. Did you ever love anything?"

"Yes."

"Who?"

"No one—I mean only a dog."

"Oh!"

"But he is dead."

"Of course."

"Why 'of course?'"

"Because you loved him."

The man lit a cigarette. "Do you believe in heaven?"

"No; if I did, I should have been dead long ago. I am afraid to die because I don't know what comes after death. I so long for—for peace—for something else—something beautiful—something to love. Do not laugh."

"You are not a bad woman."

"Yes, I am."

"Then you ought not to have been one."

"True. That is the cruel part of it."

They watched the men and women promenading before them. Then the woman said, "It is a strange world."

The man did not answer. He was thinking. She continued: "You are a strange person. Where do you live? What do you do? How do you amuse yourself?"

"Oh, I live alone, quite alone, now my dog is dead. I watch people. I listen to what they say, and—I think."

"What do you think?"

"I think that when he—whoever 'he' is—created men and women he ought to have made them altogether gods or altogether animals. No one in the world is happy, because no one is ever certain whether he—or she—should live for the 'real' or for the 'ideal.' And therefore men decided to seek for both, to be sometimes good and sometimes bad, to play at being gods once a week and beasts twice a week—in fact, to live for the 'real' 6½ days out of the 7. And some of us, you know, cannot, as the saying goes, 'do things by halves.' We must be wholly one thing or the other. There is only the 'good' or 'bad.' There is no 'mediocre' for ... So we leave the choice to fate ... when fate has chosen for us the ... and either crowns us with the laurel wreath or paints us with colors from the devil's palate. The world is so blind it cannot see that really we had no choice in the matter. I think sometimes fate makes a mistake. She grows weary sometimes and gives the 'good' where she ought to have given the 'bad.'"

"She made a mistake when she chose for me. Say she made a mistake—please."

"She made a mistake. I knew it the moment I saw your face. You were intended to show men the path to heaven."

"And I have only shown them the road to"—

"Hush. Come with me. Come home with me and rest. I live alone. I have never done any good in the world. I have never loved any one or helped any one. I am 'a good man.' It is not my fault. I was meant for 'a bad.' But as fate made a mistake you can trust me. I will try to help you. I will try to make life beautiful for you. I will take you where the sea murmurs among the rocks, where the wind blows the scent of heather across the great wild moors. Come with me"—

The woman rose and gazed at the man with large, dreamy eyes. "What do you mean?"

"I am going to make life beautiful and peaceful and pure—for you."

"Leave off dreaming," she whispered sharply. "Awake! Do you know where you are? Do you see the sort of people who surround us? This is no place for dreams! It is time to go—good night. See here—you have spoken strangely to me—you cannot understand what it means for a woman—like me—to hear a man—like you—speak as you have spoken. My God! Why didn't I meet you before?"

He laughed. "Because fate made a mistake."

"Listen! You are a good man. Perhaps you won't be one always—never mind the music—listen! When I'm dead, tell the world what you have told me. Yes, I know—it's nothing. That may be so, but tell them what happened to-night and what I said. You are a good man, and you will do some good in the world, because good men are rare. Do as I've said, and you'll help us women. Goodby. You don't know what you've done for me to-night, what I feel—goodby! When I'm dead—don't forget. Oh, I am a fool to"—

The orchestra was playing "God Save the Queen," and the woman disappeared into the crowd. The man watched the electric lights go out. He lit a cigarette. Then some one told him it was time to leave the building. He ran out quickly into the street and searched for her, but she could not be found.

And all this happened some time ago, as I have said, and it is all quite true.

And the man has not forgotten his promise.—Pall Mall Budget.

Phosphorescent Light.

Some experiments have been made in France to determine the specific action of a considerable lowering of temperature upon the brilliancy of certain bodies which shine in the dark after having been exposed to sunlight. Tubes of glass filled with the powdered sulphides of calcium, barium, strontium, etc., all substances possessing the property of phosphorescence in a high degree, were exposed to the solar rays and afterward proved to be luminous in the dark, this being done in such a way as to fix upon the memory the mean value of the progressive diminution of the emitted light, and the time also was noted during which the light was strong, less strong and weak respectively. The tubes were next placed in bright sunlight for one minute and then suddenly introduced into a double walled glass cylinder, the interspace of which was filled with nitrous oxide at 140 degrees C. In about five or six minutes the temperature of the tubes was some 100 degrees. They were then withdrawn, and when observed in a perfectly dark chamber no luminosity whatever was perceptible. As the tubes recovered their normal temperature, however, the phosphorescence returned without the exciting agency of the sun's rays or of diffused light. These results were proved to be general for all phosphorescent substances employed. The experiments showed, too, that the production of the phosphorescent light requires a certain movement of the constituent molecules of bodies.

Man.

Bearing in mind that, as far as general configuration goes, the ground plans of the present continent have been about the same, only an occasional bit of land having been topped off, as in England, the question arises, Is man an animal of the old world or of the new? If we descend from some anthropoidal ape, then that Asiatic or African monkey must have had a fair hand, and, above all else, a working thumb. Baboons run on all fours, but the gibbons, who are arboreal and live on fruits, have nicely developed thumbs and can pick a nut and shell it neatly. An American monkey has not these exact capabilities. He does not depend on his hands to cling to a branch. He uses a fifth limb, which is his prehensile tail. The true gibbon is not, however, utterly a nut or fruit eater. If confined to that diet alone, a strictly vegetarian one, he pines. He likes eggs and devours small insects. Vary his diet in a menagerie, making him slightly omnivorous, and his condition improves. If not, then, for these arboreal ancestors, who had hands, we might never have been. We may then trace our origin from the old rather than from the new one, but we really know but little about the particulars.—New York Times.

Emperor Fo-hi.

The Emperor Fo-hi, the first of his line, is the Chinese model of politeness. He is said to have been so civil that he always spoke, even of himself, with profound respect, and when the Chinese habit of self depreciation is remembered this degree of civility will be better appreciated.

Derivation of Jewsharp.

The name of this little musical instrument is, so far as it appears to show connection with the Jewish race, a misnomer. It has no special hold as a musical instrument among the members of this race, and no more deserves to be called a "Jewsharp" than the harp of any other people.

The term is merely a corrupted form of the French "jeu trompe," literally a toy trumpet, but the corruption of "jeu" into "Jews" is clearly of a good age. Timbs, in one of his popular works, has it that the instrument is called a "Jewsharp" by Hakluyt. Bacon called it "Jeu trumpe," while "Jeu trump" is used by Beaumont and Fletcher (cf. Timbs' "Popular Errors").

In Bailey's Dictionary (1733) will be found "Jewsharp, an instrument of musick." The substitution of "harp" for trump is apparently a later growth, although of course Hakluyt points to an early use. The etymon "jaws harp," so called because of its being "played between the jaws," is referred to by Timbs. Altogether the French origin of the term seems the most favored, and this leads one to the conclusion that "jaws harp" is but a "matter of fact" name for that instrument, invented by some of the old folks among whom it circulated.—Notes and Queries.

Printer Preachers.

In The Christian Advocate of New York the other day Dr. Buckley called attention to the large number of practical printers among the Methodist Episcopal clergy of this city and vicinity. "It may be remembered," he said, "that some years ago we received a letter from a member of a labor union, not the printers' union, threatening that if we did not sympathize with a certain strike then in progress the printers' union would be called upon to strike sympathetically, and we should not be able to get The Christian Advocate printed. While we had absolute confidence in our printers a little inquiry revealed the fact that by simply calling upon the ministers of our church in this vicinity who understood the printer's art we could get the paper out without difficulty."

A New Symptom.

Invalid—I'm getting tired of this monotonous state of things. Even a new symptom would be a relief.

Doctor—Well, then, why not pay me something on account?—New York Herald.

THE HOTEL ROACH.

Study In Natural History Contributed by a Veteran Night Clerk.

The hotel cockroach is a creature of quiet, methodical habits, and although of decided gregarious tastes so far as his own race is concerned shows a marked repugnance for the society of such of his fellow boarders as possess a fewer number of legs than have been given to him. It is for this reason that he is never seen in company with bipeds, tripeds, quadrupeds or any other animals that he is positive do not belong to his own family.

The hotel cockroach in its highest development is a duodeciped and as proud of the number of his legs as an Austrian nobleman is of the quarterings of his escutcheon. In fact, the duodeciped form a distinct cockroach aristocracy and are "big bugs" in the full sense of that familiar term.

Although he is occasionally seen crossing a hotel lobby or skulking behind a big pile of trunks, the roach is possessed of certain tastes and prejudices which lead him to shun general society in the daytime and remain in elegant seclusion among the water pipes until late at night when the crowds have departed and a sleepy night clerk and two bell boys are the only occupants of the lobby.

It is then that the bugs of every degree emerge from their hiding places and indulge in their innocent revels and athletic sports, from which they derive the fullest measure of enjoyment that it is possible to conceive of.

Colonel Roomkey, who has been a night clerk in various hotels for the past quarter of a century and is generally regarded as the highest living authority on cockroaches, having made a thorough study of their habits and peculiarities during his long hours of duty, has contributed to the new edition of the encyclopedia an exhaustive treatise on these remarkable and interesting domestic animals.

According to the colonel, they are very expert in all matters pertaining to sport and display much skill and daring in the pursuit and killing of mice and other vermin, for which reason he has always deemed it expedient to allow the fiercest and strongest of them to have the free run of the hotel during the quiet hours of the early morning. The course of physical training which they undergo is a remarkably thorough and effective one, and he has frequently seen them playing follow your leader, bounding from valise to cuspidor, scaling almost inaccessible heaps of baggage and swimming across wash basins. The colonel has frequently feigned sleep in order to watch them crawl softly across the marble counter on which his feet rested, stand up on their hind legs by the inkstand and drink the ink, after which they invariably wiped their beaks and fore feet on the blotting paper.

"Once thoroughly house broken," says Colonel Roomkey, "they make better household pets than either cats or spiders and are really excellent company for a lonely hotel clerk who is behind the desk all night long."

The natural foe of the hotel cockroach, and the most dreaded as well, is the colored servitor, who wages a relentless and cruel war of extermination against this worthy insect, referring to him as "annudder o' dem gunboats" and pursuing him on every possible occasion with all the malevolence of a brutal nature.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

A PARABLE FOR YOUNG LAWYERS.

Mere Knowledge Doesn't Always Bring In the Biggest Fees.

A little knot of lawyers at the Bar association were discussing the ups and downs of the profession in New York the other evening. The question brought up was, Do the men who know the most law make the greatest financial successes in its practice? One of the men told this parable as illustrating his view of the case:

"A classmate of mine whom I have always regarded as knowing far more law than I," said he, "was for many years in charge of the appeal cases of a powerful and well known legal firm in this city. He wrote the briefs in nearly all their cases that went up to the general term or the court of appeals and argued many of them in person and with success. He was an excellent case lawyer. He knew the law and the precedents and could put his hand on a case in point for each principle he laid down.

"In the consolidation of the firm which employed him with another some one else got his place. I gave him desk room in my office, and he struggled on for awhile. One day he came to me to borrow money, saying frankly that he didn't know when he could repay it, for he was simply on the verge of starvation. Some time afterward I was able to help him get a place in a Wall street lawyer's office, where he is now earning the munificent salary of $6 a week.

"That's one side of the picture. A day or two after I had seen him installed in this asylum for legal genius the senior member of a successful law firm came into my office and said he had a little personal matter about which he wanted to ask my friendly advice. He didn't want to go to any one in his own office—an office that is coining more money in the general practice than the sum of the professional incomes to all of us here. He was about to mortgage some of his property and didn't care to have it generally known. The point about which he wished to ask me was whether his wife ought to join in the mortgage. And—will you believe me, friends?—this supposedly great and certainly successful lawyer had drawn up the papers without a mention of his wife's name or a provision for her signature. After setting him right I couldn't refrain from giving him a short lecture on the elementary law of real property and rubbing it in by handing him the circular of a city law school which happened to be lying on my desk."—New York Tribune.

Gas lamps were introduced in the Paris streets in 1819. Their employment caused no little remark among the country people, who got an idea that there was some magic about the matter.

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
my 31 tf

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,

Hampshire, Co., W. Va.
WM. H. SALE, Prop.

The Capon Springs is ALKALINE LITHIA WATER. ALKALINE LITHIA BATHS, ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST S WIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER IN THE WORLD. One of the FINEST IRON SPRINGS at Capon to be found. SUPERB MOUNTAIN CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK GET WELL, and the well who come to spend a lovely Summer and Fall are NEVER DISAPPOINTED. Write for pamphlet and secure rooms before all the best are taken. Come once, you are sure to come again. Refer to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Wilmington.
my 26 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,

VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Manager.
my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNTains. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director. JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.
may 11 2m

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence. C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.
R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs. 1895.

THIS most delightful of all Western North Carolina resorts, is now open, ready for guests.

The Medicinal virtues of these waters are unsurpassed.

Special rates until July 1st.

For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 2 tf Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs, VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person.....$15.00
Per month, one person..... 40.00
Two persons in one room.... 70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM

Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.....4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Mazamitten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, G. W. CULLEN & SON,
je 9 3m Cullen P. O., Virginia.

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

NOSETINE

The Only Remedy that Cures CATARRH Colds, Hay Fever, Grippe, Sore Throat, etc.

Nosetine Tablets, 25 cts. Nosetine Salve, 50 cts.

For sale by J. RICKS BUNTING
T. M. D. L. Hole, Sole Agt. for Wilmington.
ap 31 y ap

NOTICE!

A. D. BROWN will close on Saturday at 1 o'clock, but will offer the GREATEST Bargains on Thursday and Friday.

We are determined to make Thursday and Friday the busiest days of the week, and if selling Goods away below their value will do it,

It Will Be Done.

THURSDAY

The most varied lot of Bargain which we have offered during

Our Great Sale.

$1.00 and $1.25 Corsets, consisting of the following brands:

French Woven, Clara,
Common Sense, Fifth Avenue,
Diamond, Bridal,
Beatrice and Broadway.

Warner's Health, Warners "333" at 50 cents for ONE DAY ONLY.

Figured China Silk.

Satin Striped Novelties, worth 50c, only 25c a yard.

You must see these great Bargains.

16 & 12 1-2c Ginghams,

A special lot at 5c.

There are many nice patterns among them.

FRIDAY.

Buy your Gents' Furnishings on Friday. Do not put it off until Saturday, because we close at 11 o'clock that day. If you buy on Friday you

Get 20 Per Cent. Off

Shirts, Laundered and Unlaundered, Underwear, Collars and Cuffs, Socks and Gents' Handker hiefs, Suspenders, Neckwear.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
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Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

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INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

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One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

NOW OPEN.

MR. AND MRS. H. A. KURE ARE NOW to be found at her "Big Cottage on the Beach," with a first-class Boarding House at Carolina Beach.

Meals and Lunch can be had at all hours. Rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, by day, week or season. For terms, call or write to H. A. Kure, Carolina Beach, N. C.

In connection with above, about two squares from Cottage, I also will have as heretofore, charge of the Carolina Beach Club, where the usual sport can be had.

June 3 tf HANS A. KURE.

Waverley BICYCLES

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

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Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior.

Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent.
ap 27 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND	
6	8			5	7
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv..	Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....	Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..	Jacksonville Lv	4 35	10 43
11 20	4 30	Lv..	Maysville.....Lv	3 50	10 03
11 43	4 53	Lv..	Pol. ckville.....Lv	3 04	9 35
12 25	5 10	Ar..	Newbern.....Lv	2 20	9 30
	6 37	Ar.—	Morehead City—Lv		8 07
P M	P M			P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 5 and 8.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 26, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 9.30 A M a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.38 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.05 a m, New York 1.38 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 1.10 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 5.10 p m, Weldon 9.57 m, †Tarboro 6.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkinson 7.14 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 3 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 9.00 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m and 10 40 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 30 p m, Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leaves Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 30 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Dat

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

Net Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The following are the total receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1894: Galveston 1,650,881; New Orleans 2,564,460; Mobile 249,812; Savannah 988,601; Charleston 497,154; Wilmington 234,394; Norfolk 469,175; Baltimore 117,411; New York 187,591; Boston 397,746; Newport News 33,580; Philadelphia 118,790; West Point 285,758; Brunswick 108,344; Velasco 593; Port Royal 154,809. Total 7,865,878.

The *Sun* says: Cotton fell 6 to 7 points but recovered 3 to 4 points of this and then again receded and closed quiet with a net decline of 5 to 6 points for the day, with sales of 181,600 bales. New Orleans declined 6 to 7 points, recovered all but 1 point and then weakened again, and at the close of 'Change here was 2 to 4 points lower than last night. Southern spot markets were generally quiet and unchanged. Liverpool declined 1-16c. on the spot, with sales of 8,000 bales; futures dropped 2½ to 3 points. Manchester was dull, weak and irregular. The port receipts were 1,658, including various, against 3,904 this day last week and 2,285 last year; total for the week 14,903, against 18,730 last week and 17,695 last year. Spot prices here were weak, but without quotable change. A New Orleans operator offered to wager $1,000 that the new crop will not reach 7,500,000 bales and it was accepted.

To-day's features: Early in the day there was a decline owing mainly to lower prices in Liverpool and unfavorable dispatches from Manchester to say nothing of more or less local and Southern liquidation. Later on, however, prices rallied, owing to rains in Alabama, Missouri, South Carolina and Georgia, some private reports of renewed rains in Texas and some buying by room operators and also for Wall street account. But subsequently the tone became weaker due to liberal selling for English and continental account, as well as some further local liquidations. The private advices from Liverpool were to the effect that some bulls were selling, that the trade demand was small and that prices might go a little lower before taking an upward turn again. Europe sold tall and winter months here. All things considered, the market here took the cotton very well indeed.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Lower on Good Crop News—Pork Produces Unchanged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 14.—The crop reviver continues to get in its work on wheat. In direct opposition to the stories of damage that heretofore have been pouring in, the dispatches from the Southwest to-day were most assuring. The market to day was weak on the good crop news and on the indifference of foreigners who were not taking any wheat for export. Other than the information mentioned there was little that was new in the gossip. July wheat opened from 77⅛@78⅝c, sold between 78⅝@78¾ and 77⅛c, closing at 77⅛—1¼c lower than yesterday. In the sample branch of the market trading was light, the few sales that were made being at steady prices.

Corn—The corn market was notably steady for quite a while to-day. No unusual activity was seen, which fact more than the demand tended to preserve the stationary position of values. When the extreme weakness of wheat developed, corn was unable to resist the declining force and sold off. Outsiders did scarcely anything in the market, local scalpers keeping up the semblance of activity. July corn opened at 50⅜c, sold between 51⅛ to 51¼c, and 50¼c, closing at the latter—⅞c lower than yesterday. Cash corn was about ⅛ to ¼c higher than yesterday.

Oats declined from the influence of their surroundings. At the start there was fair trading at moderately firm figures, but after the wheat and corn markets started down oats followed. Commission houses were good sellers, principally of long stuff. July oats closed ¼@⅜c under yesterday, and September ⅝c lower than that day. Cash oats were steady for No. 2 and ¼c lower for white.

Provisions—With the grain and hog markets both lower it was a subject of remark that provisions displayed little disposition to decline. The offerings were light, and the sessions very dull. The sentiment in the market was in favor of higher prices, and on any encouragement, it was thought, an advance should take place. At the close July pork and July lard were unchanged and July ribs a shade higher.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

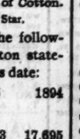
	1895	1894
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	14,903	17,695
Total receipts to this date.....	7,863,878	5,810,567
Exports for the week	48,365	26,906
Total exports to this date.....	6,489,468	4,969,814
Stock in all United States ports.....	461,270	386,538
Stock at all interior towns.....	19,120	29,199
Stock in Liverpool..1,627,000		1,508,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	48,000	25,000

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates, and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

may 23 tf

MOORE'S FORGERIES.

SAYS THE AMOUNT WILL NOT EXCEED $75,000.

He Speculated in Cotton, Was on the Wrong Side of the Market and Resorted to Forgery to Lift Himself Up

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Albert S. Moore, the secretary and treasurer of the East River Silk Company, who is now occupying a cell in the tombs under charges of forging indorsements of of the firm on Inman, Swann & Co., and Robert W. Inman to notes and the name of John Menke as acceptance to drafts, passed an almost sleepless night in prison. In an interview he said:

"I first forged three years ago. I was then a bookkeeper for Inman, Swann & Co., for whom I had worked for fourteen years. I had been speculating in the market and was long in cotton. Late one evening my broker came to me and told me that I would have to put up more margin at once. He was in deep water, and my failure to keep the contract I had with him would have necessitated his failure. I had no money but told him I would give him the needed amount. In an unfortunate moment I decided that I could raise the money on bad paper. I expected to realize my fortune and buy back the note. I made a note with a forged indorsement and sold it to the bank. Just the amount I got I do not know.

"From that time on things went bad with me. I was on the wrong side of the market and simply got deeper and deeper. I had to keep on selling bad paper to raise money to keep myself up. But all the time things got worse and worse until now I am here. My arrest was not unexpected. I knew two days ago that I was to be arrested and made no effort to escape."

'What is the amount of your forgeries?" was asked.

"I had a memorandum of all the bad paper I passed and gave it to the police. The report that the aggregate is over $100,000 is not correct. I am positive that there was not over $75,000. I can say now that I sold no paper out of town—not a cent's worth."

The following list of the amounts paid by various banks which had bought his forged paper was shown to him: National Union Bank, $4,000; Bank of New York, $2,500; Southern National Bank, $3,900; Bank of America, $35,000; United States National Bank, $10,000. When asked if this list would cover all his forgeries, he said: "Yes, with the exception, I think, of a bad note of the Silk Company for $6,000, which I sold to the Broadway bank, I am positive that no more bad paper for which I am responsible is out."

Moore was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court this afternoon, and was held in $35,000 bail for trial on the charge of forging a note for $12,000 on the Central National Bank, with the forged signatures of Robert H. Inman and Inman, Swann & Co. Moore waived examination. W. H. Jewett, cashier of the bank, is the complainant.

The plant of the East River Silk Co., in Astoria, was seized this noon by Sheriff Doht, of Queens county, under attachments sworn out by the Bank of America and the National Union Bank. The two banks had in their possion $40,000 and $4,000 respectively, of the worthless notes said to have been forged by Albert S. Moore, treasurer of the company, who is now in jail in New York City. There are claims held by others against the company. The plant is valued at $80,000. When the sheriff took possession the employes were dismissed and the factory suspended work.

MINISTER RANSOM.

Report in Washington That He is Seriously Ill Denied by a Telegram From Lenoir, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—A report is published here this evening that Ex-Senator Ransom, United States Minister to Mexico, is seriously ill at his home in North Carolina. Mr. Ransom has not been in good health for some time. His visit to the City of Mexico was injurious to his health and the rarified atmosphere at that capital affected his heart so seriously that his physician would not allow him to remain there. He obtained leave of absence and came home to recuperate. There is considerable doubt as to his return to Mexico, and it is almost certain that he will be compelled to relinquish the mission unless his health undergoes material improvement, as it is not likely that he can stand the climate of the City of Mexico in his present enfeebled state. His illness may be only temporary, however, and he may soon recover his health, in which event he will undoubtedly return to his diplomatic post.

RALEIGH, June 14.—A telegram from Lenoir, N. C. says: "Senator Ransom has been here ten days, and is improving rapidly. His condition is favorable for many years of usefulness to his State and country."

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Cabinet Meeting—Extension of Civil Service Rules—News of the Navy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Secretaries Carlisle and Herbert, and Postmaster-General Wilson did not attend to-day's Cabinet meeting, each of them being out of the city. All the other Cabinet officers were present. The session was not unusually protracted, and it is understood was chiefly devoted to closing up routine details prior to the summer recess. An impression prevails that this will be the last Cabinet council before the President departs for Gray Gables.

There are now but few branches of the service not under Civil Service rules. Steps are being taken to include them all, and it is a safe prediction that the Pension agencies, eighteen in number and employing over two hundred persons, the Inter-State Commerce Commission and other bureaus, will eventually be taken in.

It is stated positively this afternoon that the United States Pension agencies will be brought within the provisions of the Civil Service law not later than July 1st. The order to this effect will probably be promulgated within the next few days. This change is deemed necessary not only to prevent dismissals for partisan purposes, but also for the improvement of the service, inasmuch as the average intelligence among the clerks who have been appointed of late years is said to be much higher than those who secured places under the old method.

The President has approved the recommendations of Naval Boards retiring from active duty on account of incapacity due to service: Commander O. F. Heyerman, who commanded the Kearsarge, when she was lost on Roncador Reef; Medical Director Adolph A. Hoehling; gunner Henry J. Tresselt, and Boatswain John H. Brown.

Lieut. A. G. Winterhalter has been detached from the Bureau of Equipment and ordered to the Bennington.

Ensign C. D. Stearns has been detached from the Thetis and ordered to the Bennington, relieving Ensign C. B. McKay, who is ordered home and granted three months' leave.

Ensign H. I. Ziegmyer has been detached from the Bennington and granted three months' leave.

Admiral Kirkland telegraphs the Navy Department the New York and Columbia leave Copenhagen this morning for Kiel, where under their orders they are to arrive to-morrow.

Major Robert W. Hunter, of Winchester, Va., has been appointed an assistant attorney in the Interior Department at $3,500 per annum.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION

IN A WORK-SHOP AT FALL RIVER, MASSACHUSETTS.

The Building Wrecked and Fire Broke Out—Four Persons Killed Outright and Several Others Fatally Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., June 14.—A catastrophe which created the greatest excitement in this city since the Granite mill fire, occurred this morning at the Langley loom harness shop, on Count street, a three-story wooden building, owned by Henry I. Langley, a boiler exploding in the rear part of the basement, blowing out the sides of the building, knocking away the supports and allowing the upper floors to settle into a mass of ruins. Fire started in the ruins and began to burn briskly. The firemen made heroic efforts to rescue the imprisoned workmen, of whom there were seventeen. Shrieks from the girls in the ruins were mingled with agonized cries of the friends, who had hurried to the scene when the first news of the catastrophe spread. Ambulance calls were sent out hurriedly and every person who could be reached was sent at once to the scene. The offices and the houses in the vicinity were turned into temporary hospitals. At 9 o'clock the badly charred and scarcely recognizable body of a woman was hauled from the ruins. The fire had then been quenched, but it was still smouldering, and the work of rescuing could go on only with difficulty. Up to noon the work of search and rescue was carried on amid great excitement, and at that hour it was found that four persons had been killed, three more were missing and four had been seriously injured. The killed are: Lelia Horton, aged 17; Adele Lee, aged 18; Robert Murray, aged 21; Adolph Bellefeuille, aged 30. Missing: Angelina McCoy, August Senecal, Philip Smith. Injured: Thomas Barry, aged 15; Mattie Desroches, Joseph Nuttal, Annie Hurst, Mary Partridge. Two were probably fatally injured.

Of the missing ones little was known at noon. The first reports said thirty had been killed, and it was not until the list was given out by the bookkeeper that anything definite could be determined.

The explosion shook every building within a half mile. It wrecked the Stafford mill windows on the east side and in less than three minutes every operative was out of the building. There is a good deal of wreckage among the mill machinery. The force of the explosion was enough to send bricks through the whole width of the mill from the east to the west sides. The boiler was torn apart in the middle and the furnace part was blown into the building. The narrow escapes were numerous and marvellous. It is quite certain that seven deaths at least will result. The fireman and engineer escaped without injury. There was plenty of water in the boiler. The total loss will be about $40,000.

STATE OF TRADE.

Bradstreet's Reports—Improved Demand for Seasonable Goods at the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Bradstreet's will say to-morrow: The recent check to the activity in general trade, taking the country as a whole, which followed the severe and unusual frosts of the close of May, has begun to register itself in relatively fewer upward spurts of prices for staples and moderately smaller totals of bank clearings. The cereal crop scares which followed the frosts frightened foreigners out of Wall Street for the moment, and since then the speculative exchange and leading commercial houses have been busy trying to determine future values on the basis of present conditions. The exception to the halt is found in the remarkable exhibition of strength by iron and steel. Cotton, leather, wheat, railway and other securities have each presented a season of active demand and advancing prices, but none of them has outdone iron and steel, which, without special orders from railroads and other large consumers, have again advanced all along the line. The industry is undoubtedly in a better position to-day than for years.

There have been few changes in the trade situation at the South, but these are in the direction of improved demand principally in dry goods, shoes, hats and other seasonable goods, with the prospect for a good Fall trade should the crop prospects remain as at present. Gains in the volume of business are reported from Charleston, Nashville, Jacksonville and Galveston.

RACE RIOT.

Troops Dispatched to the Scene of Trouble in Abbeville County, S. C.—Six of the Leaders Lodged in Jail.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, June 14.—The *State's* special correspondent accompanying the Abbeville Rifles, ordered to the scene by Gov. Evans to suppress a reported race riot, arrived at Mt. Carmel, a little town in Abbeville county, at 3 o'clock this morning. The soldiers made part of the journey on a special train and then took wagons for ten miles. The town was quiet when the troops arrived. The trouble had been caused by the killing of a negro who resisted arrest by two white men. This section being thickly settled with negroes they became demonstrative and made threats, but it is not believed there was real danger of a conflict. Upon arriving at Mount Carmel the sheriff, backed by the troops, arrested the following negroes, who took the most prominent part in the instigation of trouble: Harry Vincent, Israel Bull, Arthur Tillman, Sim Dunlap, Barrell Johnson and Poldo Bull. A preliminary examination was held and they were bound over to court and taken to jail at Abbeville Court House this afternoon.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@29¾c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 52½@1 57½.

CHARLESTON, June 14—Spirits turpentine freely offered at 26½c; receipts 88 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10@1 15; receipts 286 barrels.

SAVANNAH, June 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27¼c bid; sales 80 casks at 27½c; receipts 2,083 casks. Rosin firm; sales of 3,500 barrels; quotations: A, B, C $1 10, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 25, M $2 45, N $2 60, window glass $2 80, water white $3 00@3 05.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CONEY ISLAND.

The Seaside Athletic Club Will Begin Their Boxing Carnival To-night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The Seaside Athletic Club of Coney Island having been refused a license by Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, applied to Judge Gaynor, of the Supreme Court, for a mandamus to compel the Mayor to issue the license. The mandamus case was argued before Judge Gaynor to-day, and after the hearing of the case the Judge said: "I will undoubtedly grant the mandamus for this license unless it is clearly shewn that the law has been violated. A license is permission to do a lawful thing. The civil authorities cannot throw this on the courts. They must act. It seems preposterous, if what the police allege took place there, that there were no arrests made. I cannot understand it. What were the police there for?"

Judge Gaynor, however, reserved decision to give the lawyers time to hand up briefs.

After these proceedings the Seaside Athletic Club announced that the programme scheduled for to-night would be carried out, and to-night the Club gave out this:

Everything is all right for the Seaside Boxing Carnival. The Club officials received assurance this afternoon from their attorney to go ahead with the programme, in order to give the out-of-town sports a chance to witness the Erne-Dixon contest, a postponement was necessary. It was finally agreed upon to brig off the Erne-Dixon affair to-morrow night.

The Hall and Choynaki bout will be held on the original date, Monday night, June 17th. Eddie Pierce has been substituted in the place of Shadow Maber to meet young Corbett. Maber got into a row and was badly cut with an ice pick.

GOLD AND SILVER.

Estimates of the World's Production for the Year 1894.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The Director of the Mint, R. E. Preston, estimates the world's production of gold for the calendar year 1895 have approximated 8,780,518 fine ounces, of the value of $181,510,100, against $158,886,000 for 1893, showing an increase of $22,674,000 in 1894. The greatest increase in the production of gold in any one country in this year was:

Africa $11,400,000, followed by Australia, with an increase of $6,078,000; United States, $3,500,000; Mexico, $3,395,000.

Mr. Preston estimates the world's production of silver for 1894 at 165,916,838 fine ounces of the coining value of $214,481,000. The bullion value of the same at the average price (85¾ cents) of silver for 1894 was $106,848,135, showing a difference between the coining and bullion value of $109,133,865. The increase in the production of silver in 1894 over 1893 was 729,000 ounces. The greatest increase in the production of silver was: Bolivia, $10,800,000, followed by Mexico, $8,500,000; Peru, $3,000,000; Chili, $1,400,000; Greece, $1,400,000. Both the production of gold and silver in 1894 exceeded that of any prior year in the world's history.

In a table showing the production of the money metals by countries the United States stands first in the production of silver and third in the production of gold, being exceeded in the latter by Australia and Africa. Russia stands fourth.

TRAFFIC ARRANGEMENT.

The Alliance Between the Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The *Herald* says this morning: The coming alliance between the Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line is not in the nature of a consolidation, but merely a traffic arrangement. It will enable the Southern Company to use the port of Norfolk for export and connections by steamship to New York and other North Atlantic seaboard points. There was a report in circulation yesterday that the Southern road would absorb the Louisville and Nashville system. This was John H. Inman's programme just before the Baring Bros. panic. The friendly relations between J. Pierpoint Morgan and August Belmont, the dominant men in the two properties, is probably the ground for the rumors.

RICHMOND, Va., June 14.—Referring to-day to the dispatch from Norfolk stating that the Southern Railway would seek a deep water terminus there; Major Fred Scott, President of the Richmond and Petersburg R. R., said there was nothing tangible to be given out concerning the matter as yet. The Coast Line has for years been trying to induce the Southern (old Richmond and Danville) to abandon West Point and seek deep water at Norfolk.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Members of the Lower House Indulge in a Free-for-All Fight.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 14.—At 11.50 o'clock to-night a fuss started in front of the Speaker's desk in the lower House of the legislature which was precipitated by a "Heeler" named Quintin. He was hustled out of the chamber followed by half a hundred angry men. Outside the doors a general fight ensued, everybody trying to punch everybody else's head, and desperately fighting, though no person seemed to know what the fight was about. It is still going on, and many have been injured.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Foreman Charles Rolfe.

Superintendent of One of the Largest Composing Rooms in America.

Up in the top story of The Globe building, where the typesetting and other machines do everything but talk, says the Boston Globe, there is a pleasant-faced, clear skinned, light complexioned man of 53 who has been with the Globe ever since the birth of that great paper. He is the night foreman of the composing room, and looks 15 years younger than he really is. His name is Charles Rolfe.

Nervous headache that well-nigh drove him to distraction first introduced him to Paine's celery compound. That was five years ago, and until that time he was one of the most pronounced opponents of prepared remedies to be found in the city.

Just how Paine's celery compound was first brought to his attention he does not remember, but it has done him so much good that the compound has no more enthusiastic champion living. He is as happy as any one in the enjoyment of good health could be, and for that happiness he gives full credit to Paine's celery compound. Read what he has to say about the medicine:

"I am always ready to recommend Paine's celery compound when I hear of a case similar to my own. Some five years ago I was suffering from headaches which were sometimes so severe during working hours of the night that I would clasp my hands over my head to 'hold the top on,' the pain being excruiating. These attacks would occur sometimes as often as three times a week. Sleep was out of the question, the pillow seeming but a block of wood.

"Just at the time I was suffering most I bought a bottle of Paine's celery compound, began at once to take it, and before a week had passed the headaches began to disappear. I felt almost a new man before the bottle was empty. I purchased more, and for two years kept it in the house for use whenever I felt a return of the old pains. It never failed in giving me relief. The other members of my family also began to take it—my wife for a feeling of general weakness, she being at that time much 'run down' and never feeling well enough to perform the work of the home. Within a week she was, as she expressed it, 'as well as ever in her life,' and similar reports came from all our friends to whom we had recommended it.

"I feel confident that in nervous headaches and a 'run down' system the compound will be beneficial every time, if not a perfect cure.

"In some instances we have not only recommended it, but furnished it to very aged friends, and the effect of one bottle has seemed marvelous, one particular old friend of mine telling me that before one bottle had been used he felt at least ten years younger, and certainly had not felt as good for two years.'

"During the last five years I have used a great many bottles of the compound—that is, in my home. I am positive that it is a sure cure for nervous headaches and a broken-down feeling, especially in the case of elderly persons.

"There is one case in particular I call to mind, in which Paine's celery compound asserted its good qualities. We had a young married lady friend, who was nursing her 4-months-old child, and found that she could not perform her household duties on account of the weak condition she seemed always to be in. On the recommendation of my wife and myself she took one bottle of the compound, and before two weeks had passed was able to do her own washing even, in addition to housework. About three bottles were used. I have yet to hear from any friend to whom I recommended it other than the most favorable results."

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 19; St. Louis 7.
New York—New York 0; Cleveland 1.
Boston—Boston 4; Chicago 7.
Philadelphia—first game—Philadelphia—17; Louisville 6. Second game—Philadelphia 14; Louisville 6.
Baltimore—Baltimore 11; Pittsburg 0.
Washington—Washington 3; Cincinnati 9.
Roanoke—Roanoke 6; Petersburg 7.
Richmond—Richmond 4; Lynchburg 9.
Montgomery—Montgomery 6; Evansville 7.
Little Rock—Little Rock 6; Chattanooga 2.
Memphis—Memphis 3; Atlanta 10.
Portsmouth—Portsmouth 7; Norfolk 5. (11 innings).

MAIL ROBBED

On the International and Great Northern Railroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GALVESTON, TEX., June 14.—The International & Great Northern mail train was robbed last night and the mail car arrived at Palestine without its clerk. Just after leaving Tucker a masked man crawled into the car and demanded the keys at the point of a revolver. He forced clerk Orrin Davis to jump and stole eight registered packages. The clerk was badly hurt.

WARM WIRELETS.

L. P. Lide, Postmaster at Wadesboro, Ga., is missing. His accounts with the Government are said to be short $2,000.

Special instructions have been issued by the Government at Washington to U. S. marshals in the Atlantic States to be prompt in preventing violation of the neutrality laws.

Cardinal Gibbons is expected to shortly arrive in Paris from Rome en route to London, where he hopes to attend the laying of the corner stone of the Catholic Cathedral.

Surgeon General Wyman has received a message from Vera Cruz, Mexico, announcing that for the week ending June 8th, there had been five deaths from yellow fever and that the disease was on the increase.

A bimetallic league has been formed in Neosho, Mo., by colored people. It is the first organization of its kind in the U. S. Steps were taken yesterday for the holding of a State Rally August 1st and 2nd.

The Missouri Pacific & Iron Mountain Lines have given notice that no more shipments will be received at less than tariff rates. This independent action is expected to stop the cut-throat war in Southwestern rates by other roads.

Near Chattanooga, Tenn., yesterday, S. F. Christian and George Martin engaged in a quarrel over the former's hogs breaking into Martin's cornfield, when Martin shot his neighbor dead. Deceased was a good citizen, and leaves a wife and three children. His slayer escaped.

Field Pease.

50 Bags Field Pease,

For Seed.

10 boxes Choice Lemons.

And other goods.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

June 12 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A QUESTION OF COMMON SENSE.

Nobody has a right to question your common sense, but allow me to ask you a question. Do you do your trading at the Racket Store? If you are not already trading there, why not? It is common sense to do so. Our goods are today the newest and freshest stock. Why is it so? for this reason, we are buying and receiving goods daily. We are today selling more goods for the hard dollar down than any other dry goods store in this city. Constantly turning stock over keeps it new and fresh. We will save you money. Well, how is that? simply this, we buy for cash and sell for cash. We have but one price and that price is the right price, and the same to all. What proof have we that our price is the right price? only this that our trade has increased since we started the one price system fully 50 per cent. This is no hoax, but a dead straight certainty. We have customers to go out on the one price system but they always come.

Our space is so limited we cannot give many prices but here goes a few. 1,000 Women's high crown smooth straw Sailor Hats, blue brown, at 5c. 1,000 Men's assorted Straw Hats, all good goods, worth from 10c to $1 each. To close this big lot of Men and Boys' Hats they are going at 10c each. Forty-five dozen high and low crowned banded trimmed Sailors at 10c each. 250 pair rubber bottom canvas top Shoes at 25 and 35c a pair. 1,200 yards Table Oil Cloth at 10c per yard. 100 fine Linen 6-4 Table Covers, colored borders with fringe, at 50c each, worth $1.00.

Sixty yards of pink dress Shirt Waist, silk, at 18c, worth 40c.

Gent's large Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs worth 15c, our price 7c.

Come to us when you want bargains, we will do you good and save you money.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop. of Wilmington's big Racket Store.

june 9 tf

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap 28tf

Anchor Lime

IS THE

Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,

MOLASSES,

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

MEAT, LARD, &c.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

WORTH & WORTH,

may 12 tf

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair. Ap to

23 3t D. O'CONNOR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI

Hofbrau

Export Lager.

Sold in Crown Cork Bottles Only.

Brewed from the

Best Bavarian Hops

—AND—

Canadian Barley Malt.

FINE HOP FLAVOR.

A delicious beverage for the

Family Table.

And an Excellent Tonic for the

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Read this Testimonial

From Dr. Wm. H. Taylor, State Chemist and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia.

LABORATORY OF STATE ASSAYER AND CHEMIST, RICHMOND, VA., MAY 2, 1895.

I have analyzed the Tivoli Hofbrau Beer, manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Company, of Alexandria, Va., and find that it is pure and, in all respects, of excellent quality. It is unexceptionable as a beverage, and I recommend it especially for medicinal use.

Wm. H. Taylor, M. D.,
State Assayer and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Robert Portner Brewing Company.

OTTO BANCK, Agent,

June 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

EVENING

Dress is requisite for all functional occasions. Defects and incongruities can be pardoned anywhere better than in a

Full Dress Suit.

High-class tailoring like ours is an absolute necessity in a full dress outfit.

The slightest deviation from a perfect fit, first-class workmanship, or the prescribed materials is an offence that cannot be condoned. The most critical and fastidious eye can discover no defects in any evening suit made at our establishment.

Dame Fashion could only smile her approval at each and every production of ours.

You'll certainly look swell if we provide your full dress attire.

Come and see samples—Full Drsss Suits $15 and up. Sack suits 13.50 and up. Special bargain in Plymouth Rock $3 pants.

Cive me a call.

C. E. GORDON,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

June 9 tf

Compound Syrup of Prunes, A Purely Vegetable Laxative.

PLEASANT to the taste and efficient in action.

Especially adapted to the wants of delicate women and children. It rarely or never causes griping; is pleasant to the taste, does not ferment, and its action is mild and prompt.

The Syrup contains Senna and Rhubarb, as chief agents, with a Syrup of Prunes as a vehicle, and correctives to prevent griping.

We sell a 50c bottle for 35c to introduce it.

JAS. D. NUTT,

my 20 tf The Druggist.

For Rent.

SUMMER COTTAGES,

At Carolina Beach.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR,

mpy 29 tf Real Estate Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Happy Boy

Is the boy with a new pair of our comfortably-fitting Shoes. The older folks are equally well pleased with the fitting and wearing qualities of our Shoes—neat, easy to the foot, shapely and trim to the eye, satisfactory in wear and satisfactory in price.

If you haven't tried them, call in and let us fit you. We have any style or kind you desire, and at any price.

Geo. R. French & Sons,

108 North Front St., Opposite Orton House.

my 26 tf

EVERYTHING REQUIRED

To supply a first class table is always found in our stock of staple and fancy groceries. Housekeepers in Wilmington fancy our goods, and we may add that they also fancy our prices. We don't wonder at that because it's exceedingly pleasant to find high quality and low prices brought together. We keep 'em together and that keeps our trade brisk. Come to the dollar saver's Mecca for your groceries. You'll fare best if you make your bill of fare more than fair by purchasing your groceries from our aggregation of everything in the line of Choice Table Supplies.

DOZIER & LEE.

my 23 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of a certain mortgage deed made by Lucy Page to the North Carolina Home Building Association on the 23d day of January, 1894, and duly registered in Book No. 15, page 76, of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 3d day of July, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following-described lot situate in said city, to-wit:

That lot beginning at the Southeastern intersection of Seventh street and Campbell street, runs thence east with the Southern line of Campbell street 66 feet; thence south parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence with the eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 1 block 228.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

June 11th, 1895. June 13 10t

A GREAT STOCK AT FISHBLATE'S

One Price Clothing House.

Men's All-wool Suits,

Sewed with Silk, $5, up.

Children's Sailor Suits,

$1.00.

Children's All-wool Suits, $1 up.

It is not our aim, nor has it ever been, to sell cheap Clothing.

If there is one thing we do avoid, it is "Shoddy Goods."

If you buy from us, remember—"Your money back if you want it."

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

may 26 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

MERCER & GAYLORD

ARE GIVING

Bargains

That will Astonish you more than Ever Before.

ALTHOUGH the advance in Leather and Shoes continues all over this land and country, especially at the great manufacturing centers, we had bought out the entire Shoe Stock of H. C. Evans, 115 Princess street, and had placed contracts with manufacturers at old prices, before the rise began, which enables us to hold the prices down, within easy reach of all classes, for some time to come.

We come as near fitting the fancy, the foot and the pocket, as any Shoe Store in the land, when the above three essentials must be met in one fit.

It is useless for us to devote much of this space to quoting prices, but we urge you to call at our place and see the Bargains as they are.

We have Baby Shoes, yet, which are going at 35c per pair. Some Ladies' Button and Lace at 85c. Some Ladies' and Misses' Slippers at 35c (yes, leather, at that). Women's Wool Slippers at 15c. Men's Calf Boots at $1.50. Men's Heavy Boots at $1.25—and many lots of other goods in like proportion.

We cordially invite you to examine our stock, and respectfully solicit your patronage.

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

H. C. Evans' Old Stand. ja 9 tf

Wanted.

A FEW BOARDERS in private family